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# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XX NO. 121 BOMBAY FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1932. PRICE ONE ANNA.

# SITUATION NOW DEFINITELY UNDER CONTROL

## Mavalies Rounded Up And Lodged In Worli Prison

## BHENDY BAZAR BUILDINGS "BESEIGED"

### Stray Assaults And Stabbings Continue

There was again a distinct improvement in the situation throughout the City yesterday.

The extent to which the fury of the storm had abated is illustrated by the figures of casualties which were:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Total Cases | 136 |
| Deaths | 6 |

Of the non-fatal cases the majority were of injuries of a minor character.

**SENSE OF SECURITY RETURNING**

Nearly everywhere there was a better feeling prevailing and signs of a returning sense of security.

Cases of looting were also few and though the Fire Brigade was called six times to extinguish fires these also were not of a serious nature.

**PEACE COMMITTEE RESCUE**

Stabbing cases were few. There were four cases in Kamatipura after 4 p.m. the victims being three Hindus and one Muslim.

In one case members of the Peace Committee who arrived on the scene fortuitously were able to rescue a Hindu who was the victim of a stabbing assault from his aggressors and probably saved his life.

**RAID IN BHENDY BAZAR**

A feature of the measures taken by the police and Military were the raids on two buildings in Bhendy Bazar Area.

One of these was the well-known Wazir Building in Mahomed Ali Road and the other one of the temporary erections which have replaced the old demolished buildings.

Forty-two persons, suspected to be connected with rioting were arrested, placed there and then before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, 2nd Presidency Magistrate, who accompanied the raiding party, remanded to jail custody and removed to Worli Jail in B. E. S. T. buses.

**AFFRAY IN DE LISLE ROAD**

There was a rather serious affray in the De Lisle Road, where two parties of Bhayas and Pathans came into conflict and stone-throwing ensued.

Two Hindus and three Muslims were injured, but the police arrived on the scene, arrested 20 of each party and put an end to the trouble.

This occurred at 7 p.m. Afterwards the area became quiet.

**HAUL OF LOOTERS**

The Maharbowdi Police arrested 88 Hindus from Kumbarwada suspected of looting and another haul of looters was made at Chor Bazar were 35 Muslims were caught in 'flagramti delicto'.

These are the chief incidents of operations for rounding-up of rioters and looters which continued throughout the day.

**NIGHT OPERATIONS**

At night, as on Wednesday, quiet prevailed, the only movements to be noted in the otherwise deserted streets, being the passage of military lorries, armoured cars, the Light Motor Patrol and the police cars.

**UNDER CONTROL**

There is no doubt that the situation is now definitely under control and it will be surprising if any fresh serious outbreak should take place.

On the contrary everyone concerned in the work of restoring normal condition of things confidently looks for a final cessation of all signs of disorder by the end of the week.

Let us hope they will not be disappointed.

*PREVIOUS CASUALTIES*

| | *Killed* | *Injured* |
|---|---|---|
| *Saturday* | *4* | *96* |
| *Sunday* | *29* | *346* |
| *Monday* | *31* | *400* |
| *Tuesday* | *32* | *257* |
| *Wednesday* | *21* | *158* |

### ROUNDING UP OF BADMASHES IN BHENDY BAZAR

A regular seige was laid by the city police and the military patroling the disturbed area to two buildings in Bhendi Bazar on Thursday with a view to round up bad characters who were suspected to have been hiding there. The search of the buildings lasted for three hours and the police succeeded in rounding up 42 persons and recovering some looted property.

VAZIR BUILDING "BESIEGED"

Vazir Building, situated on the corner of Bhendi Bazar and Mehtab Building, situated on the Mahomed Ali Road at a distance of hardly a few hundred yards from the former attracted the attention of the police on Thursday afternoon. At about 4 p.m. a large police force and soldiers of the A. I.F. Bombay Battalion marched to the corner of Bhendi Bazar and surrounded the two buildings as well as a number of huts and temporary tenements on the open plots between the two buildings.

The presence of police in such a large number attracted many sight-seers to the place and several of them walked inside the military cordon to see what the police were doing. They soon found that it was easy enough to enter the cordon, but not so easy to get out of it and had to pass nearly three hours within the cordon till the police completed a thorough search of both the buildings.

42 PERSONS ARRESTED.

The police searched every room of the two buildings both of which are three-storied. It took full three hours for them to complete the task and in that period they put under arrest as many as 42 persons all of them suspected to have been connected with rioting and looting of shops which was rampant in the area only two days back.

IN "BEST" BUSES TO WORLI PRISON.

Mr. G.R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court was also present on the scene. He remanded all the arrested persons, who are mostly Muslims to jail-custody for 14 days. Two B.E.S.T. buses which were waiting outside carried the prisoners to Worli Temporary Prison.

The police also recovered some looted property from the arrested persons, but its quantity was not very large.

FREE GIFTS OF LOOTED ARTICLES!

The news that the police are rounding up bad characters and recovering looted property seems to have created a panic among those who have been busy with such activities during the last few days and consequently they are hurriedly disposing off such property. In the affected area round about Bhendi Bazar looted articles like foodstuffs and cloth were being sold for a song, while in many cases the looters made free gifts of such articles to their friends and acquaintances.

### STRAY ASSAULTS CONTINUE IN CITY

Stray assaults and stabbing continued in Kamatipura till a very late hour on Thursday evening. After 3 p.m. there were four stabbing cases as a result of which three Hindus and one Muslim had to be removed to hospitals.

In one case the accidental presence of the members of "E" Ward Peace Committee saved one Hindu life. It appears at about 3 p.m. a Hindu was being dragged out and stabbed by a crowd of Muslims. Just then Mr. A. R. Dimtimkar, Dr. Soares, Mr. Silam and Mr. Pupala and some other members of the Peace Committee happened to pass in a car. They were informed about the incident which occurred at the corner of Suklaji Street and Kamatipura 3rd lane. They went to the spot and made inquiries and as a result of their visit the man was saved from death. He had, however, received some injuries and was removed to the hospital.

MUSLIM STABBED AT SEWREE.

Late in the night one Muslim was brought to the J.J. Hospital from Greaves Cotton, Sewree with a stab-wound in the neck from which he was profusely bleeding. It appears some Muslims mistook him for a Hindu and stabbed him.

BARBHAI MOHOLLA INCIDENT.

At about 6 p.m. in Nemani Building, Barbhai Moholla a man dressed like a Hindu entered the building and threatened the tenants with a clasp knife. He was later on arrested by the inmates of the building and handed over to the police. He was discovered to be a Muslim.

### BRICKBAT "BATTLE" AT DE LISLE ROAD

#### Military And Police Patrols Move Through Deserted Streets

Perfect quiet prevailed in all the Hindu localities in the city on Thursday night. The police

(Continued on Page 3)

## STOP PRESS

"DICTATOR" OF JAMIAT-UL-ULEMA GETS TWO YEARS' R.I.

NEW DELHI, May 19.

Maulana Muruddin, dictator of the Jamiat-Ul-Ulema-Hind has been sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment under the Emergency Powers' Ordinance. He was served with a notice to leave Delhi within 24 hours on 6th May. He defied this order by leading a procession through Chandni Chowk.

Two Sindhi journalists who were arrested during the Congress Week have been sent back to Sind to take their trial there.—A.P.

### THURSDAY'S TOLL

#### 6 Killed: 136 Injured

The total number of casualties on Thursday was six killed and 136 injured. The details of the injured persons treated in the city hospitals are as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| J. J. Hospital | 32 |
| K. E. M. Hospital | 40 |
| G. T. Hospital | 5 |
| Congress Free Hospital | 17 |
| Free Emergency Hospital | 2 |
| Free Crescent Hospital | 39 |
| Nair Hospital | 1 |
| Total | 136 |

In the majority of cases the injuries were of a minor nature and the patients were allowed to go home after treatment. Besides the six persons who died as a result of stray assaults in the course of the day 14 persons injured previously died at the J. J. Hospital. These included two Muslims who had received gun shot wounds in the firing on Tuesday and Wednesday respectively.

### BLOOD-STAINED KNIVES

#### Discovery In Khilafatists' Van

A batch of Khilafat volunteers going in an ambulance car was arrested on Thursday morning near Dongri. The circumstances leading to the arrest of the Khilafat volunteers were stated to be as follows:—

It appears that a police havildar noticed a man—a Lau character—sitting in the van. His suspicion was aroused and he directed the van to stop. A police officer, it is stated, then entered the van and made a search. A bedding was found in one corner, which when examined was found to contain blood-stained knives. All those in the van were put under arrest. They were remanded to police custody by a Presidency Magistrate.

### Pathan Battered To Death

Two Pathans going along Parel village in the morning were brutally assaulted by Hindu hooligans. One of them managed to escape but the other, who received serious injureis, was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, where he succumbed to his injuries.

## Two Port Trustees Jailed

### From Karachi To Nasik In Handcuffs

(From A Cosrespondent).

KARACHI, May 19.

A member of the Karachi Port Trust was sentenced to 6 months and fined Rs. 5,000. A nephew of the late Seth Harchandrai Vishindas, M.L.A., was sentenced to 3 months and fined Rs. 3,000.

A Muslim member of the All-India Congress Committee was sentenced to 9 months and another member of the Karachi Port Trust to 9 months.

They were conveyed this evening by boat to Nasik via Bombay.

All the four were in handcuffs escorted by police as they boarded.

### Iraq To Be Admitted As Member Of League Of Nations

LONDON, May 19.

Geneva.—Iraq is expected to be admitted as a member of the League of Nations in Septmber.

The Council to-day approved of the declaration to be signed by the Iraq Government dealing with the protection of minorities and most favoured national clause and following this step, there is every prospects of Iraq being admitted at the September meeting of the Assembly.—Reuter.

### Ahmednagar's 67th "Dictator" Jailed

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 19.

The 67th "Dictator" of Ahmednagar District Congress Committee was convicted and sentenced to-day to six months' rigorous and Rs. 20 fine in default one month.

Part of the attached property belonging to the National Education Board has been returned to-day.

## 5 YEARS' JAIL FOR SAVITRI DEVI

### For Harbouring A Proclaimed Absconder

ALLAHABAD, May 18.

Mrs. Jaffer alias Savitri Devi was found guilty by the unanimous verdict of the jury of the offence of harbouring a proclaimed absconder, Yashpal, and sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.—A.P.

### THE PRIME MINISTER

#### Resting At Home Town

LONDON, May 18.

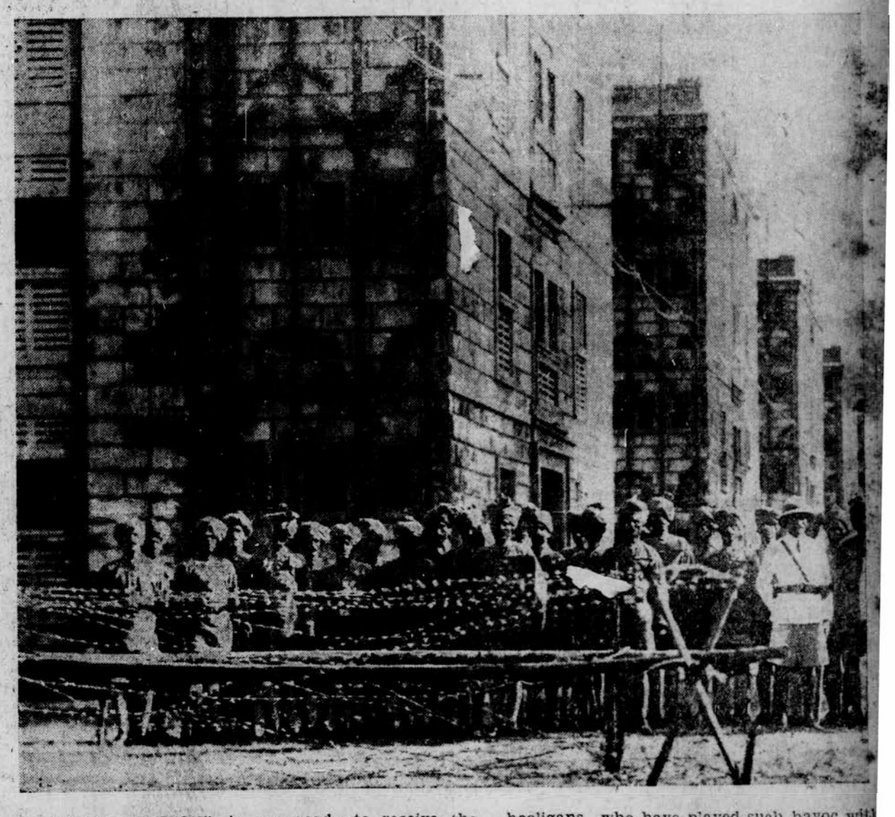
Mr. MacDonald left the nursing home to-day in excellent spirits. He said that he felt stronger and glad to be out in the open again. He is going to Lossiemouth to-night, accompanied by his daughter, doctor and two secretaries, who will help him quietly to prepare for the Lausanne Conference while resting as much as possible under the doctor's orders.

Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Thomas, and Sir Thomas Vansittart, Permanent Under-Secretary at the Foreign Office, had long talks with Mr. MacDonald to-day and informed him of the course of events, particularly foreign affairs, during his absence.

Mr. MacDonald will return from Lossiemouth about June 13.—Reuter.

### FAINT ECHO OF RIOTS IN BOMBAY SUBURBS

A faint echo of Bombay riot was heard in the suburbs on Thursday night. The trouble started in a chawl at Vakola, where there is a small military cantonment. The chawl which is mostly tenanted by Bhayyas had a *pan* and *bidi* shop run by a Muslim. The Bhayyas it is alleged, threatened to loot the shop but the police who were communicated to in time arrived on the spot. The excitement in the locality soon subsided.



"WORLI PRISON"—is now ready to receive the hooligans, who have played such havoc with human life in the city, mark the barbed wire entanglement and strong armed guard.

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WANTED—Technically TRAINED APPRENTICES for Woollen Carding and Spinning and Worsted Carding, Combing, Drawing, and Spinning and Cloth Designing. Salary Rs. 50 p.m. Apply with testimonials to the INDIAN WOOLLEN MILLS, Bombay No. 11
A 4239

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A R7218

WANTED—Thoroughly efficient ASSISTANT SECRETARIES throughout Bombay Presidency and Indian States on Rs. 75/- per month, plus travelling allowance. Immediate prospects of bright future. Only gentleman of high social status should apply with references to "A. S." Dept. The Angels' Insurance Co. Ltd., Hashim Building, Churchgate Street, Bombay.
A 4399 B

WANTED—Clerks, Ticket Collectors, Canvassers and Agriculturist experts for Railway and other department. Apply with four annas stamp to Box No. 1542 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R7215

WANTED—CANVASSERS experienced in the line for Swadeshi Printing Inks. Refer to DOLATRAM KASHIRAM & CO., Thakurdwar Road, Karelwadi, Bombay 2.
4561

REQUIRED—A SUPERINTENDENT OF GARDENS, specially conversant with land-scape gardening, Botany, flowers and the laying out of gardens. Salary—between 300/- and 1,000/- according to qualifications. Previous applications received not satisfactory. Apply immediately with photograph and copies of testimonials, which will not be returned and without which no applications will be considered to the PRIVATE SECRETARY to His Highness Shri Raj Rishi Dev, Alwar.
A 4815

## Trade Announcement.

WANTED—AGENCIES from Swadeshi Textiles Mills and other manufacturers suitable for the Punjab Province against Cash or personal reasonable security and good reference. Please communicate with:—THE RAJKUMAR COMMERCIAL and BANKING CO. LIMITED, Muktsar (Punjab.)
T R 7194

## Houses & Flats To Let

TO LET from 1st June on Khar, 14th Road, "RUBAIX" House, Ground Floor. 3 big airy rooms with verandah, kitchen and two bath-rooms. Very comfortable and up-to-date, garden all round. For rent enquire on top floor or write Box No. 150, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C

TO LET well ventilated, and newly painted, Three Rooms BLOCKS, for Rs. 20 monthly rent, size 16'x16' Drawing Room and 14'x14' kitchen and bed. Also double room tenaments at Rs. 10 and Rs. 12 monthly. Apply VALLABH BAUG, Ghatkopar.
C R7228

## Machinery, Tools, Etc.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY the following SECOND HAND MACHINERY in decent working order. (1) One Cotton Baling Press or complete Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory. (2) Two Oil Expellers. (3) One Oil Filter Press and (4) One Cigarettes Making Machine of latest model. Please correspond with:—Messrs. NATHU RAM CHAMANLAL, Millowners, Muktsar (Punjab).
N R 7194 A

## Educational

THE CALCUTTA DENTAL COLLEGE & HOSPITAL—249/B, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. Offers a three years Course in Dentistry, leading to the Diploma of the College. Next Session begins from July 4. Apply for Prospectus to Dr. R. AHMED, D.D.S., F.I.C.D. Principal.
E R7141

## Medical.

MIND YOUR EYE AND EAR—CATARACT? No matter ripe or unripe. No risk of operation. Deafness, whether partial or total. No matter if complicated with head-noises or other troubles. Cured absolutely. Success guaranteed. For full particulars apply with detailed descriptions to: KAVIRAJ, 51, BEADON ROW, CALCUTTA.
P R 7159

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

| | Per Column Inch. Per Insertion. |
|---|---|
| 1st Insertion .... | Rs. 7-8-0. |
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APPLICATIONS WILL BE ACCEPTED TILL 31ST MAY, 1932.

Vacancies of Free, Half-Free and Paying Boarders shall be filled up in June next from High Caste Hindu Students, desirous of prosecuting their studies for B.A., B.Sc. and B.Com. Degrees.

(a) FREE BOARDERS:—According to the vacancies available, free boarders will be elected, who will be provided with board, lodging, clothes, books, College and University fees free.

(b) HALF-FREE BOARDERS:—A certain number will be kept as half-free boarders, who will pay in advance Rs. 125 per term in return for which they will be provided similarly as Free Boarders.

(c) PAYING BOARDERS:—Paying Boarders, desiring to study for degrees of B.A., B.Sc. and B.Com. are provided with only board and lodging on payment of Rs. 150 per term.

(d) PAYING BOARDERS DESIRING TO JOIN THE G.T. HIGH SCHOOL, BOMBAY:—These Boarders will pay in advance Rs. 200 per term in return for which they will be provided similarly as Free Boarders. Preference will be given to Bhatia candidates.

In respect of Paying Boarders both for College as well as School, the first term runs from 15th June and the second term begins on the 10th November and ends on 15th April.

LAW AND MEDICAL FUND:—A certain number of Scholarships will be awarded to Hindu Students, studying for Law and Medicine, preference being given to Bhatia Students.

For printed forms of application and of rules and regulations, apply with particulars as to birth-date, examination passed last and course of studies to be taken up, enclosing one and quarter anna postal stamp to the SECRETARY, G.T. CHARITIES, 162, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
4895.

## Public Notices

### NOTICE.

AS USUAL the MATRICULATION SUPPLEMENT, containing names and numbers of successful candidates will be published on the 31st instant at 1 anna per copy.

Agents are requested to book their orders immediately.

10 per cent unsold copies are accepted.

25 per cent commission is allowed on sale proceeds.

SORAB P. KAPADIA.
Manager,
The "Bombay Chronicle."

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TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of 600 half round country teakwood sleepers, 10' x 10"x 5".

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on MONDAY 30-5-1932. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed Tenders for Sleepers, country, teak.

The time within which the supply will be delivered, should be stated.

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specification, &c., will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2|-

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566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay No. 11.
4244

S. S. "CALCUTTA MARU".

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed that she arrived on the 19th instant from Japan via way ports and been berthed in Alexandra Dock No. 9. No survey on damaged cargo will be held unless a written application is received by us within seven days from the date of discharge and prior to the removal of goods from the Landing Shed.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Manager.

## AUCTION SALES.

**Sorabjee Cowasjee And Co.**

AUCTIONEERS.

& COMMISSION AGENTS
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BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SALE OF A PRESS and GINNING FACTORY at NARDANA in Wes Khandesh and vacant pieces of land at Mauze Varud Taluka Khandesh in Suit No. 995 of 1929 (The Indian Cotton Co. Ltd. v/s Fatmabai widow of Sharafali Mahomedali and others) that was fixed for yesterday has been POSTPONED and will take place on Wednesday, the 22nd June, 1932, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sale Rooms of the Auctioneers at 123, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

SALE OF OLD CHINA that was fixed to take place on Saturday, the 21st May, 1932, has been POSTPONED till further notice.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

GOVERNMENT AUCTION SALE.

Under the kind instructions from the Director of Contracts, Army Headquarters, Simla, valuable surplus and waste Stores including Secondhand Machinery, Taps, Dies for Stocks, Saws, Wheels grindstones, Miscellaneous Packing, Hardware, Engineering and Electrical Stores, Lamps, Lanterns and Components, Shipping and Ship-chandlery Stores, Tape Webbing of Sizes, etc., etc., will be offered for Sale by Public Auction at the ROYAL INDIAN MARINE DOCK YARD, BOMBAY, commencing from 23rd May, 1932, at 2 p.m. sharp daily.

For full particulars apply to:—NUSSERWANJEE SORABJEE & Co
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Head Office:—94, Main Street, Camp, Poona.
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## AUCTION SALES.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co.
120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

Owing to the disturbed state in the City, the sale of 300 bales of yarn advertised to take place today, has been POSTPONED 'sine die.'

NOTICE.

Owing to the disturbed state in the City, the sale of Intestate and unclaimed properties advertised to take place to-morrow 21st instant has been POSTPONED, 'sine die.'

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT SYDENHAM ROAD, OPPOSITE BHENDI BAZAR TRAMWAY STAND AND KNOWN AS "VAZIR MANSION".

Under instructions from Messrs. Manchershaw B. Chothia and Co., attorneys for the mortagagees Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will on THURSDAY, the 26th inst. at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece or leasehold land together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon admeasuring about 355 square yards, situate on and being plot No. 2 of Sydenham Road estate of the Board, of the Trustees of Improvement Trust bounded on the east by the land of the Board laid out as a service passage, on the South by Plot No. 3 of the said estate leased to Ahmed Bajid Gulab and others on the West by Parel Road, and on the North by Plot No. 1 of the said Estate, which piece of land bears New Survey No. 3055 and 3047 and Cadastral Survey No. 2|1288 Mandvi Division and formerly assessed by the Municipality under B Ward Nos. 2230 2231 and Street Nos. 189, 193, 195, 207 and 3 and now assessed by the Municipality under B Ward No. 2225 and Street No. 171-179.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Manchershaw B. Chothia and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at Motilal's Mansions, 14 Hummam Street, Fort or to the undersigned.

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|---|---|---|---|
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| Haruna ,, | 10500 | ..... | 30 May |
| *Calcutta Maru | 5339 | 19 May | 1 June |
| Iyo ,, | 5962 | 30 May | 13 June |
| Katori ,, | 10000 | ..... | @14 June |
| Kashima Maru | 10000 | ..... | @28 June |
| *Tottori Maru | 5973 | 17 June | 30 June |
| Yasukuni Maru | 12000 | ..... | @9 July |

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(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

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|---|---|---|---|
| Suwa Maru | 11000 | 26 May | 13 June |
| Fushimi Maru | 11000 | 9 June | 27 June |

FROM ORIENT TO SANFRANCISCO

| Steamers | Tons | From Hongkong | From Kobe. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tatsuta Maru | 12000 | 15 June | 21 June |
| Taiyo Maru | 22000 | 21 June | 28 June |

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# SHIPPING NEWS.

# Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, May 19.

C|o Sydney, Masen, Karachi.
Quesla, Hobdey, Karachi.
Fusijama, Cossulich, Kobe.
Calcutta Maru, Kaneko, Kobe.
Silverelm, Johis, Calcutta.
Clan Malcolm, George, Tuticorin.
Clan Macilworth, McComid, Liverpool.
Sumatra, McLean, Gothenburg.
Trentbank, Morris, New York.
President Pierce, Marn, New York.
Barpeta, Partridge, Busrah.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, May 20th.

Varsova, Rome, Busrah.

LOADING.

Bombay, May 19.

Steamer Varela for Busrah.
Steamer Queda for Calcutta.
Steamer C|o Salisbury for Karachi.
Steamer Calcutta Maru for Kobe.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Malwa:—The P. & O. S. N. Coy's English Mail Steamer Malwa, is expected to arrive here to-day at about 2 a.m. from London with the outward mails of 5th inst., a general cargo and 70 passengers.

CHINA AND JAPAN MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Ranpura:—The P. & O. S.N. Coy's Mail Steamer Ranpura is expected to arrive here to-day at about 8 p.m. from Shanghai, with mails, a general cargo and 11 passengers.

S.S. Fusijama:—The Lloyd T. Coy's steamer Fusijama arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe with a general cargo.

S.S. Calcutta Maru:—The N.Y.K. steamer Calcutta Maru arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

S.S. Barpeta:—The B.I.S.N. Coy's steamer Barpeta arrived in harbour yesterday from Busrah with a general cargo and 57 passengers.

S.S. Clan Macilworth:—The J F. Coy's steamer Clan Macilworth arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool with a general cargo.

S.S. President Pierce:—The F.F Campbell Coy's steamer President Pierce arrived in harbour yesterday from New York with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Trentbank:—The F. F. Campbell Coy's steamer Trentbank arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a general cargo.

S.S. Varsova:—The B.I.S.N. Coy's steamer Varsova will sail today for Busrah with a general cargo and passengers.

## ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, May 19.

4 C|o Salisbury 4349 Karachi 21|5 K Nixon and Co.
5 C|o. Sydney 4326 Liverpool, 24-5 K Nixon & Co.
6 Garbeta 3204 Karachi NF M M and Co.
7 Tokiwa Maru 4281, Singapore 19-5, N Y Kaisha.
8 Fusijama 4196 Trieste, 20-5, L Triestino N. Co.
11 Sumatra 5063, Calcutta, 25-5 L Edwards Ltd.
14 Silverclen 2637, New York, 28-5 Volkart Bros.
15 President Pierce 8393, N F, 20-5 F F Campbell & Co.

## VICTORIA DOCK

2 Borneo Maru, 4264, Japan 24-5 O S Kaisha.
3 Ellora 2567 P Gulf 19-5 M M and Co.
4 Varsova 1957 Busrah 20-5 M M and Co.
5 Tasmania Maru 2523, Kobe, 20-5, O S Kaisha.
8 Gambhira, 3196, Calcutta, NF, M M & Co.
10-11 Nerbudda 4928 Rangoon, 20-5, M M & Co.
14 Lalita 302, M'Coast NF, Malabar S N Co.

## PRINCE'S DOCK

A Sophie Marie 560 M Coast 21-5 Merchant S N Co.
C|R Laxmi 124, M'Coast N F National S S Co.
D|E Alavi 2157 Jeddah 20-5 T. Morrison & Co.

## STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON.
Mooltan 27-5 P & O S N Co.
FROM PLYMOUTH.
Gogra 2915, M M & Co.
FROM LIVERPOOL.
Tarantia 2/6 G T Co.
Clan Macworther, 10-6 J F Co.
FROM HAMBURG.
Barkenfels 20-5 L Edwards Ltd
Marienfels 3115, L Edward Ltd.
FROM ROTTERDAM.
Bangalore, 20-5 L Edward Ltd.
FROM TRIESTE.
Gange 25-5 L T Co.

FROM NEW YORK.
C|o Athens 27/5 F F Campbell & Co.
C|Christehurah 16-6 F F Campbell Co.
President Morne 2-6 F F Campbell Co.
President Van Burn 17|6 F F Campbell Co.

FROM CHINA—JAPAN.
Alipore 21-4 P & O S N Co.
Ranpura 20-5 P & O S N Co.
Calcutta Maru 20-5 N Y Kaisha.
Iyo Maru 30|5 N. Y Kaisha.
Tottori Maru 17|6 N Y Kaisha.
Celebes Maru, 27|5 O S Kaisha.
Shunko Maru, 3|6 O S Kaisha.
FROM SYDNEY.
Mongolia 28-5 P & O S N Co.
FROM DURBAN.
Khandalla 21-5 M M & C.
Kenya 4|6 M M & Co.
Karagola 18|6 M M & Co.

## SAILING DATES OF STEAMERS

FOR LONDON.
Ranpura 21-5 P & O S N Co.
Malwa 28-5 P and O S N Co.
Mongolia 28-5, P & O S N Co.
FOR KOBE.
Tasmania Maru, 22-5 O S Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 24-5 O S Kaisha
Calcutta Maru, NF, N Y Kaisha.
FOR BUSRAH.
Baroda 25-5 M M and Co.
Varela, 27|5 M M & Co.
FOR JEDDAH.
Alavi N F, S N Co.
FOR RANGOON
Hatarana N F, M M and Co.
Nerbudda, NF, M M & Co.
FOR COLOMBO.
Jaladuta, 7|5, S. S. N. Co.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Gambhira NF M M and Co.
Queda, NF, M M & Co.
FOR KARACHI.
Garbeta NF M M and Co.

## STEAMERS FIXED

FOR LONDON.
Ranpura, P & O S N Co.
Malwa P and O S N Co.
FOR CHINA & JAPAN PORTS.
Tasmania Maru, O. S. Kaisha
Calcutta, Maru, N Y Kaisha.
Borneo Maru O S Kaisha.
FOR BUSRAH.
Baroda, M M & Co.
Varela, M M & Co.
FOR RANGOON
Hatarana, M M and Co.
Nerbudda, M M & Co.
FOR JEDDAH.
Alavi, T M & Co.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Gambhira M M and Co.
Queda, M M & Co.
FOR COLOMBO.
Jaladuta, S.S.N. Co.
FOR KARACHI.
Garbeta M M and Co.
GENERAL LANDING DATE.
Poelan Tello Boats for American Cotton 18-5-32.
Laxmi 18-5-32.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, May 19.

S. S. Malwa, for London:—8 bales animal skin, A.K.A. Rasul; 9 bales animal skin, H.R. Rehmanbhai; 150 casks mangoes, A. Patwe & Co.; 90 casks condiments Poonjaji & Co.; 1264 bags ground nut cakes, Birla Bros.

S.S. City of Sydney, for Antwerp:—30 bales cotton fly, Indian Produce Export Co.; 1400 bags castorseed and 220 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co.

For Liverpool:—28 bales wool raw, Shamji Mal.

For Manchester:—234 drums castor oil, A Hargovandas & Co; 33 bales cotton fly, Indian Produce Export Co; 125 bales cotton raw, T.M. Kaisha Ltd.

For Dunkirk:—75 bales cotton fly, M Narottamdas & Co; 2400 bags linseed, Birla Bros; 1100 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co.

For Ghent:—55 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co; 220 bales cotton raw, B Karsondas & Co.

S.S. President Pierce, for Marseilles:—2400 bags castorseed, K Devchand & Co.

For Los Angeles:—23 bags plantago seed, F.F. Campbell & Co.

For New York:—42 bags plantago seed, F.F. Campbell & Co; 24 bales goat skin, The American Express.

S.S. Silverelm, for Marseilles:—691 bags groundnut cakes, B Nazir & Co.

For Philadelphia:—72 casks goat skins, S.M.H. Kaderbax.

S.S. Fusijama, for Trieste:—110 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co.

For Venice:—55 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros; 165 bales cotton raw, Breul & Co.

S.S. Borneo Maru, for Kobe:—600 bales cotton raw, N Nagshi & Co; 300 bales cotton raw, G Dosse & Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, May 19.

S.S Borneo Maru, Agents O S Kaisha Ltd., from Tokyo.—65 cases rubber goods; 20 cases lion dentrifice; 150 cases cotton yarn; 50 cases cotton shirting.

From Yokohama.—50 cases beer; 20 cases silk yarn; 30 cases silk piece-goods; 140 cases rayon goods.

From Nagoya.—50 cases cototh yarn; 50 cases glassware; 590 cases beer; 1400 cases porcelain ware, 200 cases cotton shirting.

From Osaka:—500 cases cotton yarn; 450 cases cotton shirting; 200 goods; 94 cases rayon goods; 110 cases rayon yarn; 95 cases silk yarn; 25 cases cotton drill; 30 cks. chemicals; 400 drum coal piten 47 drums coal tar; 200 bags metal sand; 201 cases straw boards 30 cases glue.

30 cases glue; 200 bags red lead; 690 cases glassware; 100 drums paint; 5000 bags cement.

From Kobe.—55 cases camphor; 55 cases noil cloth; 25 cases vegetable wax; 146 cases cotton and rayon mixed goods, 125 cases rayon goods; 143 cases silk goods; 300 straw boards 265 cases cotton goods; 330 cases glassware; 400 pces. Lumber; 30 cases silk yarn; 50 cases cotton shirting; 630 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirting; 64 drums fish oil; 119 cases canvas shoes; 10 drums chemicals;

From Dairen.—75 bales cotton yarn.

From Moji.—5750 bags portland cement; 40 cases vegetable wax; 44 bundles paper; 30 cases glassware.

From Hongkong.—200 bags cassia; 50 bags sugar candy; 13 bales mats; 35 bales cotton hosiery; 25 cases preserves; 15 cases dry ginger.

From Canton.—50 bales raw silk.

From Singapore.—3062 bags sago flour; 180 cases pine apples; 405 bags rattans; 535 bags betelnuts; 110 bags gum benzamine; 1634 pces. poona planks; 40 bags nut-megs.

From Belawan Dali.—100 cases tea dust.

From Penang.—705 bags pearl tapioca; 101 slabs tin; 660 bags betelnuts.

From Colombo.—125 bags tea; 30 bags plumbago; 20 cases cardamoms; 103 cases gunnies.

# MONEY MARKET

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 19.

B.C. Rate T.T. 1|5 7|8.
B.C. Rate D D 1|5 7|8.
LONDON:—
Banks Selling T. T. 1/5 29/32 May.
Banks Selling D. D. 1/5 29/32.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 7/8 15th June.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 31/32.
Banks Buiyng D D 1/6.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/32 May
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 1|16 June.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/32 Monsoon.
NEW YORK:—
B. C. Rate T T 368.
Banks Selling T T 366.
Banks Buying T T 361
PARIS:—
Banks Selling D D 690.
Banks Buying D D 705.
AMSTERDAM:—
Banks Selling D D 67 1/2.
JAPAN:—
Banks Selling T T 117.
Banks Buying 60 Days 112.
HONGKONG:—
Banks Selling D D 87 5/8.
SHANGHAI:—
Banks Selling D D 113 1/4.
SINGAPORE:—
Banks Selling D D 155 7|8.
JAVA:—
Banks Selling D D 67 7/88.
CROSS RATE—
New York|London 3.68 1/2 18th inst.
Shanghai|London 1/3 3/8 19th inst.
Japan|London 1/8 3/4 18th inst.
London|Paris 93 25 18th inst.
London|Belgiuum 26.00 18th inst.
London|Switzerland 18.75 18th inst.
London|Italy 71.45 18th inst.
London|Berlin 15.42 18th inst.
London|Holland 9.06 18th inst.
London|Stockholm 19.65 18th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £5-13-5 17th inst; £5-13-2 18th inst.
Silver London Ready 17 5|16 17th inst.; 17 1/8 18th inst.
Silver London Forward 17 7/16 17th inst.; 17 1/4 18th inst.
Silver New York Ready 28 3/4 17th inst; 28 1/2 18th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 1 7/32 per cent 17th inst.; 1 3/16 per cent 18th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 1 1/2 per cent 17th inst.; 1 1/2 per cent. 18th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2-1/2 per cent.
Money:—Call 3 1/2 per cent.
3 Mos 3 per cent.
6 Mos 3 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, May 18.
Demand Bills ..... 3.68-11/16

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# CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY:

Hindu—Vishakh, Shud 15, 1933.
Parsi—Adar, 16, 1301.
Muslim—Mohurrum 13, 1351.
Sunrise 6h. 3m.
Sunset 7h. 7m.
Hightide—12-13, 23-59.
Lowtide—5-20, 18-12.
Phases of the Moon: Full Moon 20th May 10h. 29m. a. m. Last Quarter 27th May 10h. 24m. a. m. New Moon June 5. 1st quarter 12th June.

S.S. Malwa with English mails of May 5, due at 6 a.m.

Exhibition Hockey: Olympic Team Vs. Bombay Presidency, Cooperage, 6 p.m.

SATURDAY, May 21.

S.S. Rajputana with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

Exdibition Hockey: Olympic Team vs. Bombay Customs, Cooperage, 6 p.m.

## *Domestic Occurrence*

MARRIAGE.

Owing to the disturbed state of the City, the invitations extended by me on the occasion of the marriage of my daughter on the 20th instant at Muzafferabad Hall, Lamington Road, Grant Road, have regretfully to be withdrawn.

J. S. NERURKER.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME:—12 noon, sponsored programme by H. M. V. Gramophone Co., Ltd., 7 p.m., G. P. Soman's Dilruba solo, and P. M. Mungre's mandoline solo; 9 p.m., news in Hindi.

POSTAL NOTICES:—Superscribed mails for Singapore and Japan per S.S. "Tasmania Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 9-30 a.m. on Saturday the 21st instant instead of 19th as previously notified.

Superscribed unregistered mails for Italy and Austria per s.s. "Conte Rosso" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10-30 a.m. on Thursday the 26th instant.

Superscribed mails for Singapore, and China, per s.s. "Ganga" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on Wednesday the 25td instant.

LATE MR. B. C. S. SHARMA:—The death of Mr. B. C. S. Sharma, an ex-Secretary of the Mysore Association and the editor of "Prabhodaka", a Kannada monthly, published in Bombay, on Monday night at the Yemunabai Nair Hospital, at the age of 33. He translated into Canarese many famous English authors.

BABY AND HEALTH WEEK ASSOCIATION:—The office of the Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Week Association and of the Bombay Branch will be shifted to Development Department Chawl No. 10, De Lisle Road, Bombay No. 13, from 1st July 1932.

## *DAILY AMUSEMENTS.*

EXCELSIOR:—Jack Holt, Ralph Graves and Fay Wray in "Dirigible", thrilling aviation spectacle A Columbia Super Production. To-day at 6-30 and 10 p. m.

EMPIRE: — "Murder by the Clock", a mystery thriller with Filliam Boyd, Lilyan Tashman, Irving Pichell and Sally O'neil. Also "Moonlight and Romance." A screen song with Nino Martin and Rosita Moreno. To-day at 6-30 and 10 p. m.

EMPRESS: "Heartbreak" Fox drama of Viennese romance starring Charles Farell and Madge Evans. To-day at 6-30 and 10 p. m.

CAPITOL.—Marie Dressler and Polly Moran in "Politics" M-G-M drama 8 parts, and also "Two Bark Brothers" Dogville Comedy in 2 reels. Sport Special "Dive In" along with the latest world news. Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

RIALTO.—"Free Soul", daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE:—"House of Arrow", daily at 6 p. m.

WELLINGTON.—"Women of All Nations," daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WEST END.—"Leila-Majnun"; daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE.—"Alibaba", daily at 5-30, 8, and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee on Friday, 3 p.m

KRISHNA.—"Hoor-e-Hind," daily at 5, 7, 9, and 11 p.m.

## *BANK RATE UNCHANGED*

BOMBAY, May 19.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper remains unchanged at 5 per cent.

## *AIR MAIL*

Bombay, Thursday.

The air mail that left Karachi on 11th May was delivered in London on 18th May.

# SITUATION IN BOMBAY NOW UNDER CONTROL

(Continued from page 1).

are also vigilant and patrolling the area every now and then and are either arresting or dispersing those who show an inclination to disobey the Curfew Order. All the streets are deserted by about 8-30 p. m. except for the police or military patrolling the city.

The Lamington Police enjoyed a little rest after four days of vigilance and hard work. In that area there was practically no trouble.

Madanpura, which is supposed to be a centre always for some sort of trouble is perfectly quiet and the police are patrolling the area.

ROUNDING UP OF BADMASHES

The Agripada Police arrested this morning four Muslims near Madanpura on suspicion of being bad characters. A crowd of Hindus which had collected on the Delisle Road and which was bent upon mischief was rounded up by the Agripada Police and was taken to the Worli Prison.

The Mharbavdi Police arrested this morning rounded up 88 Hindus from Kumbarvada. The arrested persons are said to have been taking part in the riots.

MAVALIS ARESTED

At 9 a. m. on Thursday a few Muslim mavalies attempted to break open a cloth shop and another leather shop at Chor Bazar. The police who got information, rushed to the place and arrested about 35 of the Mavalies while they were in the act of looting the shops.

Although there has not been any case of stabbing or assaults. In Two Tanks and Khetwadi areas there were a few cases of stone throwing at passers by from house tops.

A BRICKBAT "BATTLE."

A Brickbat "Battle" happened within a few yards of the De'Lisle Road Police Station in the evening at 7. Both Hindus and Muslims reside in the B. D. D. Cement Chawls at De'Lisle Road. Chawl No. 7 is occupied by Bhayyas and Chawl 9 which is exactly opposite is occupied by Pathans In the evening there was some exchange of words between the tenants of both the chawls and from words they came to stone throwing. The police who were within a few yards from the chawls came to know about it, rushed to the chawls and unarmed both the parties and arrested 20 Bhayyas and 20 Pathans. Two Bhayyas and three Pathans received slight injuries It is said two of the police who entered the chawls to disarm were slightly injured.

Stray assaults have also been going on in this area since morning and nearly 20 persons injured due to stone throwing were removed to the K. E. M. Hospital. Police and Military are patrolling the area. The Dadar and Parel area where there was a few cases of assaults yesterday is quiet and the police are patrolling in the area.

A few Pathans entered a Hindu chawl at 11-30 p.m. at the lane just in front of the casualty ward of the J. J. Hospital and began to belabour the Hindus in the Chawl. An alarm was raised by the Hindus and the police on duty in that section began tto call out for help. A lorry full of military came and they entered the chawl and arrested the Pathans.

The Fire Brigade which had a very busy time during the last few days had some breathing time to-day and has had only four calls and not 20 or 30 calls as on the previous days.

BANIA'S SHOP LOOTED.

At about 8 a.m. a few Muslims broke open a Bania's shop at Doctor Street in Null Bazar and set fire to the shops. The Fire Brigade was called and the fire was put out. Similar cases occurred at Sankli Street and Two Tanks. At 9 p.m. a fire alarm was raised at the Kamatipura 7th lane that a Hindu shop had been set on fire. But it turned to be a hoax but a Muslim found hiding inside the building and he was put under arrest.

Considerably difficulty is being encountered at the K. E. M. Hospital to get the proper details about the assault cases that have been received in the Hospital.

## *CRAWFORD MARKET OPENS*

### *Stray Assaults In Kalbadevi*

The Crawford Market, which has been closed for the last four days, opened to-day and some of the shop-keepers around the market followed the example of these merchants in the market.

In many parts of the city in the affected areas, a few shops were similarly opened.

## *GIRGAUM QUIET*

The situation in the Hindu localities of Girgaum, Sandhurst Road and Girgaum Back Road has improved. A few shops opened today. Owing to the promulgation of Section 144 prohibiting an assembly of more than five persons, people are remaining indoors and watching the situation.

MADHAV BAUG ASSAULT.

Two Muslims, dressed as Hindus were going about Madhav Baug this morning, but they attracted the attention of the Hindu passers-by. The two persons were then questioned, when one of them, out of fright, is said to have told them that he was paid for the job, and that a large number of Mahomedans were roaming about the streets dressed as Hindus. The Hindus became infuriated, and assaulted the two Mahomedans, one of whom died on the spot. The other received serious injuries and was removed to hospital.

"BREAD" CART.

A more surprising discovery was made this morning, when a Mahomedan in the garb of a Hindu was found moving about Kalbadevi Road. Apparently with a view to avoiding suspicion, he was driving a baker's cart. He was being watched by Hindus, and when questioned could not give a satisfactory explanation. The cart, when examined, was found to contain a large number of huge clasp knives and stones. He was assaulted by the crowd and removed to hospital by the police.

CHAKLA STREET LOOTING.

Twenty-one rooms of a three-storeyed building at Chakla Street were looted this morning by Mahomedan hooligans. The occupants of the room had vacated the building two days back.

Two Hindus were seriously stabbed at Null Bazar. The police who appeared on the scene, arrested two Mahomedans and removed the wounded Hindus to hospital.

## Rounding Up Badmashes

The Dongri police rounded up 20 bad characters this morning. Owing to the presence of the military and the police the Nagpada, Madanpura and Islampura localities were quiet.

An attempt to break open a Marwari shop was made by a gang of Muslim hoolingans at Moreland Road at about 3 a.m. The police, however, got scent of the trouble and proceeding to the scene dispersed the rioters by means of a lathi charge.

## *BOMBAY MILLS REMAIN IDLE*

Forty-five mills remained closed to-day and nearly 50,000 operatives did not go to work. The police and the military had therefore to concentrate their attention in Bombay North, where there was a likelihood of trouble flaring up any moment.

The situation in the mill area took a turn for the worse morning, but towards noon, thanks to the constant police and military patrol, it improved considerably. The atmosphere in Lower Parel, which is inhabited by a good number of Hindu and Muslim workers, was tense for a time but there were no open clashes.

Though stray assaults were numerous this morning, yet after 11 a.m. not a single casualty was registered in the K. E. M. Hospital. Excitement was occasioned by the discovery of the dead bodies of two workers—one a Hindu and another a Pathan worker—in Parel. The Pathan, it appears, was set upon by hoolgans and hacked to death, probably in the early hours of the morning. The Hindu was killed in similar fashion by a Muslim mob. The bodies have been removed to the morgue.

## *MAZGAON HINDUS UNFAIRLY TREATED*

### *Charge Against Police*

The secretary of the Hindu Relief Committee is stated to have written three letters to the Commissioner of police complaining about alleged unfair and unjust treatment of Hindus by the police.

In one of the letters, he is reported to have stated that he had received complaints from the occupants of two houses at Mazagon to the effect that the police assaulted them without any provocation. About 100 Mahomedans, it appears, indulged in an indiscriminate throwing of stones at the residents of the two buildings, when the police were communicated with. The police appeared on the scene within five minutes. The Mahomedan hooligans began to run. The police, instead of chasing the Mahomedans, it is stated, asked the Hindu occupants to go down, when forty of them are alleged to have been beaten by the police.

## *Relief To Hindus*

Under the auspices of the Hindu Din Dayasangh, relief of every kind will be given to Hindus who have suffered on account of the communal riot.

For particulars communicate with Dr. A. P. Naik, at Bowla Building, Chinchpokli.

# Why He Fasted

## ABDUL REHMAN MITHA ISSUES STATEMENT

Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha has issued the following statement:—

With reference to the para appearing in Free Press Editorial Column of the 19th inst., which states as follows:—

"I have decided to fast because my father and Moulana Shaukat Ali need a change of heart. I feel that my fasting might at least influence my father and convert him."

As stated in editorial column by Mr. Sadanand I did telephone to him informing about my fast, but it was impossible for me, when he questioned me as to why I was fasting, to give him full information and idea underlying my fast.

WHY HE STARTED.

When I found on Sunday morning that the riot had gone beyond control, looking to all the circumstances, I had no alternative but to start fasting. The reason as to why I started fasting was because I thought that since nearly all the Muslim leaders, either Nationalist or Communalist, were either my friends or related to me and on the other hand counting upon my influence on the Hindu community, the only course that I could adopt was to start fasting and bring my influence and pressure on leaders of both the communities.

My fasting could spiritually and morally effect the masses, while had I worked physically as others are doing, it would simply have effected a few persons round about me.

INFLUENCING HIS FATHER.

As regards my father, I certainly did want to influence him by fasting so that he may bring his great influence on Muslim masses to ease the situatio but I never meant to suggest that my respected father had over the remotest connection as to the bringing about of this deplorable communal riot.

The public know very well as to who are the arch-mischief makers and where to look for them.

To say that I undertook fast to change the heart of Maulana Shaukat Ali, whom I consider a lost soul, is giving him undue honour. I doubt if he has any heart at all to change.

The fast is, of course, entirely in the spirit of the purification of the soul of my country, my community and myself. It is also meant to convert the hearts of those who are responsible for this riot.

# VILIFYING MUSLIM LEADERS?

## Bombay Paper Warned

BOMBAY, May 19.

The Muslim Committee of Bombay has issued the following statement:—

From the first day of the riots, a local paper has started a mischievous propaganda of exciting the Hindus against the Muslims and the Government. Its reports are false and misleading and its leaders most venomous. As a result, vast Hindu organisations have been established throughout Bombay and all sorts of encouragement is given to the Hindu masses to start the offensive in localities, which were so far free from the effect of these disturbances, while the Muslim Committee has been sparing no pains in giving relief to the Hindus stranded in the Muslim localities and protecting those Hindus who have remained in these localities.

VILIFYING MUSLIM LEADERS?

Not satisfied with this, the paper has launched a campaign of vituperation against Muslim leaders like Sirdar Suleman Cassum Mitha and Moulana Shaukat Ali who, ever since the commencement of the disturbances, have been unceasingly working towards the restoration of peace. This does not only excite the Hindus, but there is every danger of the Muslims losing temper at the attack on their recognised leaders who have so far been able to keep them in check.

CAUSE OF RIOT

This paper gives publicity to certain stories with full sense of its responsibility and in doing so takes undue advantage of the fast observed by Mr. Abdur Rehman Mitha to charge Sirdar Suleman Mitha and Moulana Shaukat Ali with being the cause of the riot. It asks whether "the fasting is directed to convert the hearts of dear and close friends or relatives whose responsibility for the prevalence of bad temper in the Muslim mass mind is indisputable." Could there be a more untrue and mischievous allegation than this? It apparently refers to Sirdar Suleman Cassum Mitha who has been out of Bombay on pilgrimage and before whose landing the trouble had started.

The paper fights shy of admitting that though the slight disturbance had ended, it was the Hindus who restarted it when the peaceful procession held in honour of the Sirdar Sahib's return from pilgrimage passed Nagdevi Street, by throwing stones, bottles and all sorts of missiles at the procession.

NOT THE TIME FOR BLAMING

This is not the proper time for throwing blame on one community or another and the role of every peace-loving citizen should be to devise ways and means of restoring peace. We therefore do not wish that any discussion of this kind should be carried on in the press. Our object in writing this is to warn the paper that such articles as it has been publishing are responsible for the continuation of the disturbance and to appeal to the gentlemen influencing the policy of this paper to refrain from such mischievous propaganda. What the Muslim Committee has been doing, can be seen by the fact that though last night, thousands of Muslims had collected in the various Mohallas to listen to the Moharram sermon, they dispersed quietly and peacefully, though on a slight provocation they would have created some havoc. But all our attempts at the restoration are being thwarted by such articles as appear in this paper.—A. P.

# ALLEGED ASSAULT ON DR. GOUR

## Maulana Shaukat Ali Says Khilafat Volunteers Were Not Concerned

We have received a statement from Messrs. Hassanali J. Mooraj and Yusuf E. Moledina in reference to the report which appeared in the "Sunday Chronicle" of an assault on Dr. Gour and Mr. Hassanali J. Mooraj by "hooligans" near Nagdevi Street on Saturday afternoon last.

According to the statement these two gentlemen, who were with Dr. Gour on the occasion, noticed "that some Khilafat volunteers instead of pacifying the Muslim crowds were instigating and exciting them" and "it was all being done under the instructions of Maulana Irfan." The statement proceeds: "At the instigation of Maulana Irfan, the Khilafat volunteers surrounded our car and abused us in most filthy language and began to assault us with lathis and bamboo sticks.....all of us were hurt, Dr. Gour receiving half a dozen blows on his head and arms. Mr. Hassanali Moraj and Mr. Yusuf Moledina and the driver received 3 or 4 blows each."

According to Maulana Shaukat Ali to whom the statement was shown, the allegation that any such assault was committed by Khilafat volunteers is absolutely untrue. "We have no ill-feeling against Dr. Gour," said the Maulana, "and he is a personal friend. I assure you we know nothing about this incident. Maulana Irfan told me all this and in words which were in full sympathy with Dr. Gour."

## *Marwari Bazar Hindu Relief Committee*

This Marwari Bazar Hindu committee has till now given relief to about 20,000 persons who are safely brought from their homes in the Muslim locality to a safe place in the Hindu region. They are provided with food, drink and all kinds of comforts.

# A CONTRADICTION

The "Fress Press Journal" yesterday wrote:—

"In the meanwhile, will Mr. Abdur Raheman Mitha, as a gentleman, if he cares to, confirm or deny the story which is current in the journalistic circles that on Sunday afternoon he telephoned to the Bombay Editors to give them news of his fast and stated in course of imparting the news of his fast:

I have decided to fast because my father and Moulana Shaukat Ali need a change of heart. I feel that my fasting might at least influence my father and convert him."

As far as "The Bombay Chronicle" is concerned there is no truth whatever in the above statement.

# MADANPURA SETS GOOD EXAMPLE

## Workers Know No Communalism

The Secretary of the Madanpura Protection Committee writes:—

It is gratifying to note that in spite of the serious communal disturbances in the city during the last four days, all has been quiet in Madanpura proper. It can be said that for all practical purposes this area has been absolutely immune from trouble and the working class population has proved once more the solidarity of workers whether they are Hindus or Muslims.

With a view to preserving the peace of the locality a Peace and Protection Committee, consisting among others of Mr. Mohamed Umar Rajab, a municipal corporator, Mr. J. Bukhari, of the Unemployed Workers' League, Munshi Kamil, and Bayya Vazir was formed on last Sunday. The committee has been exerting all its energy for the last four days, to keep the peace in the area and to offer protection to any one in need of it.

As a result there has been no trouble whatsoever in the locality and both Muslim and Hindu residents and shop-keepers have enjoyed perfect peace and security. The Hindu shopkeepers have been assured of full protection by the Muslim workers and there has not been a single case of looting of shops or arson.

NO TROUBLE.

We take this opportunity to contradict some mischievous reports appearing in some local papers that there were signs of trouble in the locality. The members of this committee would be too glad to take any one round the area if he wants to see things for himself and show how Hindus and Muslims have lived peacefully in this working class centre of the city, in these days when the general peace of the city was disturbed. In fact Madanpura has set a good example for the rest of the city.

## *SHAUKAT ALI RESIGNS FROM PEACE COMMITTEE*

### *No Use Serving On It He Says*

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Maulana Shaukat Ali has issued the following statement:—

"I have resigned from the Mayor's Conciliation Committee, as I found that I was not allowed to make a statement in defence of the Khilafat Volunteers to a vile and false accusation which has been made against Khilafat Volunteers, I mean those volunteer corps who are working under the Muslim Volunteer Board. The Khilafat Committee has no ambulance car, lorries and no buses. It has only one small Chevrolet car in which we go about.

"Sir Purshottamdas Thakordas who has been subsidising and financing the notorious "Free Press Bulletin" put the issue of to-day and wanted a Government inquiry. I also welcome an impartial inquiry about the false allegations that Sardar Sulaiman Cassum Mitha and myself were responsible for these riots.

"The President Mr. Chandavarkar was himself prejudiced in favour of the Hindus and he openly declared that he was proud of being a Hindu and was not fair to me and did not allow to make a statement denying the false allegations.

"The Committee is a farce and has done no work and it is no use serving on it."

## *"WOULD NOT ALLOW MUSLIMS TO BE BULLIED"*

### *More Fatwas By Shaukat Ali*

BOMBAY, May 19.

Maulana Shaukat Ali has issued a statement to the press, from which we take the following:

"I am a hardened sinner and have survived four years of constant abuse and attack of the Hindu and the so-called nationalist press simply for the reason that I have been working during the whole of my life organising Muslims and rousing them from their lethargy so that they could play an honourable part and do their bit in the future administration of India. Every act of mine is being misconstrued, ridiculed and given a wrong colour. Even my private life and my own relations male and female have been dragged in to put me down.

SIRDAR'S RECEPTION.

"To-day Sirdar Suleman Cassum Mitha's name has been added to that of mine. This Muslim leader, respected and loved by every section of the Muslims and also by many Hindus had been absent for two months in Hedjaz and returned on the 15th instant at 5 p. m. and the riot had started at 3 p. m. The Muslims had been organising a reception for their honoured leader for over a week and naturally they could not want a riot on that day. Their great religious occasion for mourning was on and they naturally did not want that anything should disturb their Majlises.

NO DESIRE TO QUARREL.

"I have no desire to quarrel with anyone. We Muslims want ten or fifteen years of absolute peace, to improve our internal condition, educate our children, and organise our business and trade, to better our economic condition. For God's sake leave us alone and give us peace ... Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas asked us for Peace Committee and we all went and did our duty. H. E. the Governor asked us and we gladly went and joined in peace efforts. I was asked by His Excellency to see him and I spoke to him as frankly and honestly as I do, and placed my services at his disposal for peace. I assert that no man in India is working as hard for peace as I am but I would not allow Muslims to be bullied or to have a permanent defeatist mentality."—A. P.

## "FREE PRESS JOURNAL"

Bombay, Thursday.

In the course of a signed article in to-day's "Khilafat Daily" under the caption, "Rioting is harmful for Muslims" Maulana Shaukat Ali writes:—

"The 'Free Press Journal' is an organ of the Hindu Maha Sabha. Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas is its patron and main supporter. Its proprietor Mr. Sadanand has told me personally that the journal is being conducted from its start uptil now with the financial support of Sir Purshottamdas."

## *Nasik's 34th Girl "Dictator" Jailed*

(From A Correspondent.)

NASIK, May 19.

The 34th "Dictator" of Nasik District Congress Committee a girl of 13 has been sentenced to two months' simple imprisonment for flag salutation on the 17th instant.

On being asked by the Magistrate to apologise, she refused to do so.


PATHE CINEMA

During the Curfew Order there will be only ONE SHOW Daily at 6 p.m.

Mat: Saturday, Sunday and Thursday 2-30 p.m.
Sunday morning show 10 a.m.

A. E. W. MASON'S DETECTIVE STORY.
THE HOUSE OF THE ARROW
starring
DENNIS NEILSON—TERRY

THE EXCELSIOR

THE LAST DAY

To-day at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

COLUMBIA'S

Sensational Air Epic.

DIRIGIBLE

with

JACK HOLT
RALPH GRAVES
FAY WRAY

A spectacular and vivid picturization of man's death-defying battle with the Antarctic elements—and a woman's soul-scaring struggle with the forces of love and life.

# THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

*FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1932.*


## JOURNALISTIC CHICANERY

At a time when Bombay is in the midst of turmoil and fanatics and hooligans are busy looting and burning property and murdering people, it is the duty of every citizen, who feels he owes a common duty and responsibility to the city where he has made his home, to do everything in his power to restore peace. That can only be done by trying to hold the scales even and not by making reckless charges against political bodies or by flattering persons in power and authority. In certain quarters the Congress has been blamed for raiding the Wadala Salt Works on the morning of Sunday last, while there was a sudden communal conflagration in the city. This raid, it is notorious, was planned more than a month previous to the date on which it actually took place, and the Police had been taking precautions to counter the move.

**LIMIT OF DISHONESTY.**

It is not our concern to discuss whether the Congress was justified in raiding the Wadala Works or not, but the Congress has been doing these things in pursuance of its policy and the men who are responsible for executing these demonstrations are suffering the consequences of their actions. There was no previous intimation on the other hand, that there would be a communal riot in the city; in fact the Police Commissioner himself did not foresee it, as he had concentrated most of his forces at Wadala, instead of keeping them in the city to prevent such an outbreak. Surely it stands to reason that what even the authorities, who are supposed to be responsible for the peace of the city, did not know, the Congressmen could not know, and it is the limit of political dishonesty and journalistic chicanery to accuse the Congress of being at the bottom of the whole communal trouble.

**LED BY BORI BUNDER.**

It is not unreasonable to believe that, but for the weakening of Congress influence in the city, owing to the most influential Congressmen belonging to both the Hindu and Muslim communities having been sent to jail, the communal fight would not have assumed such vast proportions. However, we are not concerned now with the Congress, but only with the disturbances and their immediate consequences to the citizens. The "Free Press Journal" is not even original in making these mean and discreditable insinuations against the Congress,—that it was mainly responsible for the orgy of murder and rapine which has been let loose on the city for the last five days. It got the lead from Bori Bunder. The "Journal" rather pointlessly proceeds to attack the Congress for publishing the account of an interview between a deputation of the Bombay European Association and the Home Member, Mr. G.A. Thomas, and takes the opportunity of lick-spittling the Secretariat. Since it has become the most voluble champion of the Government and their conscience-keeper and may be in possession of confidential information which is denied to more honest journals, we take it that the Bombay Government are merely following the instructions of the Government of India in regard to the Ordinances.

**A FUTILE ENDEAVOUR.**

We do not, however, see the relevancy of this in the accusations made against the Congress, and we can only believe that the republication of these documents by the "Free Press," and its comments on them is part of its propaganda to exonerate the authorities in the eyes of the public from the charges of dilatoriness made against them in dealing with the riots. It is a futile endeavour. If the Government had not concentrated so much energy in countering a raid, which even the Director of Information, on information supplied by the police, announces was a "fiasco," and had taken the energetic measures which we recommended at the very outset, and which have now been taken, there would not have been so much bloodshed and prolonged misery and complete dislocation of business.

## *Truth About The League*

We are glad that the conductor of the League of Nations Information Bureau in Bombay has so well caught the jargon of the League, which finds much favour in "notoriously" ignorant quarters. We have no objection to his doing his job but he must excuse us if we refuse to take all that he says or writes as gospel truth. We still maintain that the League of Nations has become a huge fraud and is in reality the creature of Imperialist nations, particularly the Big Four or Five, for exploiting human kind, and the harm it has done to humanity far exceeds the good it was ever intended to do. We take the typical case of the last war between Japan and China, on which the Bombay Bureau is obviously staking its reputation. Our memories are not so short; who does not remember the interminable negotiations, the impotent and tearful notes to Japan and the contempt of the latter for the League, backed by a threat to clear out of it altogether if the League bothered her too much?

**LEAGUE'S IMPOTENCE.**

The League could not save a single life, or save a dollar's worth of property, with all its dilatory correspondence. In the beginning Japan refused to convene a general assembly on technical grounds, and then proceeded to show to the world how things ought not to be done. Japan retired, not because she was afraid of the "economic boycott", but because she was satiated, and she had gained her objective. Manchuria was hers and she had taught the Chinese a lesson they were not likely to forget. The League was only permitted to intervene, when intervention was superfluous, after thousands of inoffensive lives had been killed, and millions worth of property destroyed and non-combatants butchered in cold blood. So much for the League's achievements in the Sino-Japanese war in the last few months.

**THE LITTLE STATES.**

About the Central European States and their treatment by the League and again by the Big Four or Five, the less said the better. These States have been systematically despoiled, and what is more it is being daily made more and more impossible for them even to exist. Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria, Germany, and other nations are actually starving and are in the fell grip of financial despondency. Unemployment is rife.

They are mortgaged to powerful banking groups under the aegis of either France, the United States or England, and the slightest attempt to regulate the customs boundaries is vetoed by France, because she is in mortal dread of Germany rising out of the ashes. In Germany the total of unemployed is over 160 lakhs, and it is growing. We are told by the conductor of the Bombay Bureau that "Austria is free from the danger of imminent starvation and dissolution". We challenge the truth of this, for no country has been dismembered and hit so hard as Austria, the most fertile and industrious parts of the old Empire have been denied her and are now organised into a separate state under the name of Czecho-Slovakia, where French and British money finds such ample scope for investment.

**"LOOT AND GRAB".**

We repeat what we said, that the "doings of the League are notoriously known to India" The League has sanctified the loot and grab policy which followed the war. Large slices of territories were made over to each other by the conquering nation under the name of mandates. The fate and sufferings of millions of people were of no importance to the Powers and President Wilson's formula about self-determination was relegated to the limbo of oblivion. Millions of people were passed from one hand to another, because they happened to be in enemy territory and all the cant about self-determination which was so useful in winning the war disappeared rapidly. And how did the League do its duty to these millions? In Syria, Damascus, the fairest city of Haroun el Rashid, was bombarded by France, because the people wanted political freedom, and hundreds died in their fight for national liberty. The League of Nations whitewashed the whole affair and glorified the brave deeds of France by giving its sanction to them. In Palestine there was never so much strife and bloodshed between Jews and the Arabs as to-day. The Palestinian Arabs are repenting for exchanging new masters for old. Let us take one more example, and here it is the "Socialist" Australian Government who are now concerned. The way the Solomon Islanders were treated,—transported, imprisoned and butchered,—is fresh in our memories. Here again the League of Nations sanctioned the sufferings of these poor and distant Islanders and thanked the mandatory.

**PRECEPT AND PRACTICE.**

"The internationalism for which the League stands is a clear recognition of the national independence of all the races of mankind," says the conductor of the Bombay Bureau and there is some more slush about "moral values" in the doings of the League. And yet what has the League done to put its Sunday School maxims into practice? What nation has been given its independence except Iraq, which is in the leading strings of England, after oil and other concessions have been made over to her nationals? Surely, it is too much for Indans to believe that the members of the League of Nations believe in the independence of each and every nation, while they are all busy exploiting the weaker people of the earth. Indians badly need a national outlook in their every day life. We have only to look at the tragedy which is being enacted before our very eyes for the last few days. We should ask the Bombay Bureau, if it is sincere, to tell us in India about something else than the belief of England in the "independence of all the races of mankind."

## ENGLAND WAKING UP

At the London Conciliation Group Conference Prof. Laski suggested, according to the "Hindu," that Lord Lothian should resign if there were no change in the present policy, as the Tories strongly object to his unconscious tribute to Congressmen before he left these shores. Prof. Laski asks whether it is a hopeful sign on Lord Lothian's part, and whether he can "persuade Sir Samuel Hoare that the renewal of the Ordinances will be an unrelieved tragedy." In the meantime the Oxford Union has condemned the repressive policy by 110 to 48 votes.

All these portents show that even in England, outside the Die-Hard ranks, there is a growing volume of opinion which is looking at the Indian situation in a critical mood, because it is convinced that everything is not all right in this country, inspite of the self-congratulatory statements of the Secretary of State for India. Mr. Wilfred Wellock thinks that the position in India is such that no self-respecting person can any longer remain silent. But there are people in this country who think that once a repressive policy is started it must be supplemented by further repressive measures until there is the peace of the desert in India. We do not know whether this is a sign of the return of sanity in England but we can assure Sir Samuel Hoare that the mere removal of the Ordinances will not mend matters, unless it is supplemented by a measure of real self-government.

## HINDU-MAHOMEDAN ILL FEELING

### Problem Psycho-Analysed And Treatment Suggested

(BY G. V. DESHMUKH.)

Large sections of Hindus and Mahomedans, the two leading communities of India are fighting like mad dogs in Bombay and are out for each other's blood. Sane-minded people of all communities regret this. The regret is greater if it is realised that ethnologically both Hindu and Muslim belong to the same race. No sensible person can deny that although the two communities differ in religion and culture, in race and blood they are the same.

The sixty millions of Mahomedans, some of whose ancestrs did come from the Semitic countries, are indigenous and are of the Indian soil. The theory of conversion to the Moslem faith by force during the Mahomedan rule does not appeal to me as a truth of history. One cannot account for such a large population of Hindus in Northern India, Guzerath, and Bengal which were under Mahomedan rule for hundreds of years. The whole population in that case should have been Mahomedan without any trace of the different sects of Hinduism in those provinces.

**BITTERNESS OF FEELING**

However, whether Mahomedanism was forced or accepted, why should there be such bitterness of feeling between the followers of the two faiths in India to-day? No such bitterness exists between the other faiths in this land of many religions. Amongst Mahomedans from other purely Mahomedan countries such as Egypt, Persia, Turkey, even Arabia, there does not exist the same hate of Hinduism as with the Indian Mahomedans. In Afghanistan there are many Hindus settled peacefully for hundreds of years. The cause therefore has to be found somewhere else than in mere difference of faiths. Is there any explanation of this bitter hatred found in this country?

**REPRESSION AND DISPLACEMENT**

The science of mind and psycho-analysis connected with the immortal name of Freud can give the explanation. The human mind acts in an unconscious way without a person's knowledge, and what is individually true can also be true in the case of communities. The unconscious process is not only without the knowledge of the individual, but if the process is pointed out it is denied. With these fundamentals of psycho-analysis, one can explain the causes of bitterness.

**THE FAVOURED FEW**

In the ancient Hindu caste system only the upper orders fulfilled the function of God's worship with dignity, and pomp, and ceremony. The same was denied to the lower orders. Hinduism more than compensated for this by the tolerance shown to other faiths. However, whereas certain types of Hindu castes could indulge in public pomp and ceremony, with the necessary dignity and rights arising out of them, the lower orders or castes were denied the same.

**"REPRESSED" DESIRE**

Man is a gregarious animal with herd instinct. Those, who were denied the worship which the betters indulged in, had to repress their idea of worshipping God in the same way (verdrangung). The natural wish so repressed, although repressed, is never annihilated. The repressed idea can lie dormant for a number of years in the unconscious, ready to break out at the earliest opportunity. The period can extend from the age of man in the case of individuals to thousands of years in the case of communities.

**TRANSFORMED INTO HATRED**

Whenever the repressing force is weakened, as by the strength of the subconscious wish, better education, contact with another culture and many of the hundreds of ways of the modern world, an opportunity is afforded to the sub-conscious to rush out. If not sublimated or fulfilled the repressed wish makes use of the mental mechanism of "conversion', and changes to hate. Whatever comes into association with such transformed complex is similarly changed to hate.

The majority of the Mahomedans in India are descended from the older orders whose desire of worship was repressed. Neither sublimated nor fulfilled these wishes are transformed to hate and by displacement (verschiebung) a feeling of hatred has sprung up between the two communities.

**THE REMEDY**

The Hindu religion must take away the internal as well as the external causes of bitterness. In modern times of contact and communication it cannot remain isolated. Just as charity begins at home, it will have to make a beginning by modifying the mode of worship to suit those at least who are already in the fold. In psychological language it will have to take notice of "Reality principle."

**FLEXIBLE HINDUISM**

Those who think that Hinduism is stagnant and does not change with the times do not know what Hinduism is. With every "yuga" the religion is modified, nay newly established, which is the idea behind incarnations. (Bhagwadgita 4: 7, 8.) The modern Pantheon of Hindus is not the same as the Vedic Pantheon of three thousand years ago. The gods Vishnu and Shiva who predominate to-day were hardly known in Vedic times. Shiva whose temples abound in India and has a very large following is mentioned only in one hymn of Rigveda (7: 21. 5). As Rudra he is only mentioned in 4 hymns out of more than 1000 hymns of Rigveda.

**APPROPRIATED PROPERTY**

This is a god who has been taken from the "Untouchables". His place is the burial ground. He wears a garland of skulls round his neck. He has been appropriated from the untouchables by Hinduism, and the untouchables themselves are denied entry in the temple of their own god. The least that Hinduism can do, as an act of justice, and restoration of appropriated property is to open the temples of Shiva freely to the untouchables.

Even in Bombay in opening temples like Babulnath and Vaaleshwar to the untouchables, temples which are dedicated to Shiva, a modest and just beginning must be made to suit the exigencies of the times. And if we follow up this course of broad-mindedness much of the Hindu exclusiveness will be abolished and mutual good-feeling restored.

## *Notes of the Day*

**Wise, But Belated.**

The closing of liquor shops in Bombay is a wise, if belated, step. The experience of the riots in 1929 should have persuaded the authorities to take this step earlier. There would then have been loss injury to life and property. Under the influence of liquor even normal men become reckless while those bent on mischief become a graver menace to peace when drunk. And the misdeeds of a drunken man may drive even the sober to acts of retaliation. Incidentally, it may be noted that the now recognised practice of closing liquor shops in the days of disorder is to some extent a tacit tribute to the utility of prohibition even in normal times.

**What Oxford Thinks.**

It is interesting to learn that the Oxford Union has passed a resolution condemning the present repressive policy of the Indian Government by 110 votes to 48.. The debate, which is said to have been very animated, was, of course, more or less academic, but the Oxford Union is always an indicator of the trend of opinion in England. It may be inferred from the upshot of the debate that despite rigorous censorship of Indian news transmitted abroad, the Oxford students know a great deal more of repression in India than Sir Samuel Hoare may relish and that if they knew the whole truth about India, the majority for their resolution would have been much larger. It should be obvious that Oxford students interested themselves in the Indian question not merely because of sympathy for India but also and mainly because British connection with India is involved in the question.

**How Detenus Are Treated.**

The Government of India have now published the rules for the treatment of the Bengal detenus in Deoli Camp Jail in Ajmere-Merwara. This spot must have been selected because it is surrounded on all sides by Indian States, and is a sort of oasis. The men are to be considered as "civil prisoners" in accordance with the Prison Act of 1894. Money and sticks are to be forbidden and only safety razors are to be given them and any infringement of the rules is to be punished by solitary confinement, or the reduction of the allowance. The jailors are given the fullest authority to deal with these men as they like, an unnecessary injunction to prison officials! The kindly governmen have permitted two interviews every week, perhaps knowing that Ajmere-Merwara is a long, long way from Calcutta. Are these men detenus or are they prisoners since the Government have been treating them for all purposes as such? The Government would try some other methods of impressing on these people the benefits and virtues of the British Government, if they were wise.

**Cornelia At Her Old Game.**

Miss Cornelia Sorabji has devoted her lifetime to misrepresenting India and things Indian, particularly in foreign countries. In the "Atlantic Monthly" she gives the report of an interview with Gandhiji when he was in England, which we have no hesitation in saying must be a garbled, perverted, and one-sided account. She tells her readers that Gandhiji is not a real Mahatma, as a Mahatma regards everything as "Maya" and that he does not care either for Home Rule or dictatorship. She accuses him of using the term to "attract orthodox Hindus and swell his following," and telling many lies. She introduces herself to Him with a leer and tells him that both of them were lawyers and that his mahatmaship cannot fool her. Gandhiji humbly told her that he was no longer a lawyer and that he had been disbarred. In this way the interview proceeds to the complete satisfaction of this good lady, who never has a good word to say about either India or Indians. Any one who reads this disgusting performance will at once be reminded of the "unscrupulous propaganda" to which Sir Samuel Hoare referred the other day. We have no doubt Indian money is wasted in this way, to flood the world with lies.

## GOVERNOR GETS FIRST-HAND INFORMATION

### To Stay In Bombay Till Peace Is Restored

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The serious riot situation in Bombay north engaged the earnest attention of the Governor and with a view to learn first-hand information he called Sir Patric Kelly, Commissioner of Police, and Brigadier-General S. I. P. Scobell, at the Secretariat twice. Hon. Mr. G. A. Thomas, the Home Member and also present at the Conference.

The Governor also called a few leaders of both the Communities to further understand their view points.

It is understood that the Governor is very anxious to see the communal trouble at an end, and until he is satisfied that Bombay north, which is chiefly resided by mill operatives, has assumed a normal atmosphere, he will not go to Poona.

## NOT "HINDU FIRMS"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—For some time past certain papers have been falsely alleging that the Firms of Mohamad Suleman and Co., and Osman Suleman and Co., are Hindus Firms.

Whatever the ulterior motive of these papers may be in giving publicity to this untrue statement, I wish to make it clear that both these Firms belong to me, and I wish the Public and the Cotton Merchants, and particularly the Congress authorities to take good note of this.

—Yours, etc.

HAJI SULEMAN CASSUM HAJI MITHA.

Land's End Road.
Malabar Hill,
Bombay May 19.

## Tipsy-Cake

Sir Akbar Hydari says the Princes will only come into the Federation on a fifty-fifty basis as regards seats in the Upper Chamber. He says this is a 'sine qua non'. Are they prepared for a fifty-fifty basis for the contribution of revenue.

* * *

This is our 'sine qua non'. We fancy the reply will be 'non', to which the final answer will be "Nothing doing."

* * *

The writer of "Current Topics" in the "Times of India" thinks it is a pity we have not yet reached the stage when it will be possible to manipulate the weather just when and where we want it. If Sir Patrick Kelly had been able to do this he could have launched the monsoon last Saturday, he adds, and there would have been no rioting.

* * *

Few people learn by experience so this poor boob of Bori Bunder can be excused for not realising that, even if the officials had this power to command rain, at least three days or more would pass before all the official preliminaries to a decision would have been complete.

* * *

Thank God Sir Patrick Kelly only enjoys such powers as can be conferred within the limits of human capacity! God help us, when the police begin to enjoy superhuman powers!

* * *

"Several shopkeepers in the bazars, mostly purveyors of food, who kept open their shops during the riots set the rest of the community a good example in addition to lining their own pockets.'—'Idem Supra' (which means "Same as before").

And several others who followed this good example, willy-nilly lined the pockets of the looters. What silly things people do write when they've got to fill a registered space. Same here—sometimes!

* * *

"What is happening in Bombay is deplorable?" Thus the opening sentence of a leader in the "Statesman." There are some things about which we can all agree.

* * *

"What the situation, therefore, needs to-day is, ..... efforts should be made simultaneously to sow seeds of lasting peace, within the limits in which which these efforts will have necessarily to be confined."
—"Free Press Bulletin."

Dalal St. is obviously outside the limited area.

* * *

Yet another party is being formed in Madras for winning more political reforms and seats in the Council. It will be run on "constitutional" lines, it is unnecessary to say.

* * *

Madras is the paradise of political parties, and heaven knows how many parties there are there now. They are all working for political reforms, their first objective being to capture seats in the Council.

After seats have been captured and a few offices, like a humble ministership, or an executive councillorship, they generally engage in making hay while the sun shines. When they succeed, it becomes somebody else's turn to start another party, also for political reforms.

* * *

There is the Justice Party, which is fighting for "justice" for none except those who are its fortunate members. Justicites are more exclusive than Brahmins, for their membership is only open to non-Brahmins and not to those who have the misfortune to be born Brahmins.

There are the Liberals, there are disgruntled Congressmen who once did some work, but are now dissatisfied with everyone but themselves, and there are people who are hovering on the borderline of all these parties. But the new party now proposed is a composite, consisting of all men and political opinions. It will be known, we suppose, as the Omnibus Party.

* * *

Greta Garbo has probably had more columns written about her during the last two years than anyone else in the world, so when after all this we come across this heading

"The Truth About Greta Garbo"

it comes as rather a shock to think that everything that went before was mere romance.

# INSANITY IN CHOWRINGHEE

## And Dancing Dervishes in Dalal Street

(By B. G. HORNIMAN).

As soon as the riots broke out in Bombay the organ of official and European opinion, instead of concentrating its attention on the measures to be taken to cope with an outbreak of such magnitude and urging upon the authorities the action they were then hesitating to take, indulged in a tirade against the Congress, gleefully seizing the opportunity to trot out all the worn-out shibboleths about the results of cultivating a spirit of lawlessness and defiance of authority. Now the other leading journalistic representative of European in Calcutta follows suit, and endeavours to make the Congress directly responsible for the orgy of communal fury which has been raging in Bombay.

**ALL DUE TO CONGRESS!**

"In the three years which have passed since the previous big riots," writes the "Statesman", "the most flourishing business in Bombay has been the sedulous cultivation of the defiance of authority, of indiscipline and of the coercion of a community by a section." It goes on to allege that that "the city has had to pay a terrible price in blood and lives for the doctrine of disobedience to authority with which the lower elements of the community have been inoculated," to express its "disinclination to stress the communal side of these disturbances"—which it would have done cheerfully and comprehensively at any other time—and to arrive at the conclusion, that all this trouble is the result of Congress leaders having created "a temper in which riot, assault and murder are laudable, if only because they have to be dealt with by the authorities."

**AN INSANE DEDUCTION**

To do the "Statesman" justice, when it sets out to arrive at a conclusion which suits its own despicable politics, it beats Bori Bunder hollow in its reckless abandonment of logic and wild assertion of what it would like the public to believe. On this occasion it has gone rather further than usual and beaten its own record in over-shooting the mark. Does it really suppose that any sane person will for a moment accept the insane deduction at which it arrives, that men have been committing murders in dark bye-lanes, fighting in mobs with sticks and stones, burning buildings and looting shops during the past few days, merely, to create trouble for the authorities?

**TO THOSE WHO KNOW.**

To those who know how these disturbances began, what has fomented their fury since and why they were permitted to reach such an appalling stage of danger to the community before the full force of authority was brought to bear on their suppression, this out burst of the Calcutta organ is even more silly, and at the same time deliberately wicked, as the tirade which appeared in its Bombay contemporary on Monday last. The absurdity of its reasoning,—if we can call it such—is exposed by the fact that the elements that were the most active in the early stages were entirely unconnected with the Congress or any other nationalistic political movement and had, in fact, held definitely aloof from the present movement and shown, as far as they gave any evidence of their sentiments at all, that they were antipathetic and even antagonistic towards it.

**TOO ABSURD!**

Are we to suppose that the Muslims who murdered Hindus, who attacked Hindu shops and behaved generally as such people always have and always do behave in communal disturbances, did so because they had been educated by Congress leaders to a belief in "the beauty of resistance to authority" and because they wanted to create trouble for the authorities. The absurdity of trying to find a parallel or any sort of connection between these disturbances and the Civil Disobedience movement is clearly transparent. The violent breaches of law and order in the one case are as different from the non-violent disobedience and breaches of law in the other as chalk from cheese. Whatever is to be said of Civil Disobedience, that it is based on the highest ethical and moral grounds is undeniable and in principle and practice it is a peaceful movement in which non-violence and non-resistance to authority are the two main features. How on earth such a movement can possibly be conceived by anyone in his normal senses as being responsible for such things as have been happening in Bombay for the past five days passes the wit of anyone outside the editorial sanctums of Chowringhee and Bori Bunder to understand.

**NOT THE TIME.**

That there are political causes behind these disturbances and that political motives have inspired those who instigated them is, I am aware, a charge that will have to be investigated. But, as I said on Monday last, this is not the time for an investigation of that kind and it is not the time for recriminations of any kind. We are not out of the wood yet and our duty is still to concentrate on the task of effectually and finally stamping out the last dying ember of this deplorable conflagration. We have to see that not one single tiny spark remains to endanger the peace of the city again. And the business of everyone should be to put out of his mind, for the moment, every thought of political controversy and every kind of prejudice or predilection which may exercise his mind at other times and concentrate his attention on what he can do to help in the re-establishment of normal conditions in our social and civic life. We can safely leave the investigation of causes and the levelling of charges on the one side or the other to the future.

**INVESTIGATION LATER.**

In order that I may not be misunderstood, it is necessary to say that I am as anxious and determined as anyone that when the proper time comes, whatever were the causes, direct or indirect, of these disturbances shall be probed to the bottom and the responsibility fully and fearlessly fixed in the right quarters. This cannot be done by an official enquiry appointed by Government. They can have their enquiry and I do not suggest that anyone should refrain from giving it the fullest existence.

**NON-OFFICIAL ENQUIRY.**

But we do not want a repetition of 1929, when an official enquiry was demanded and accepted and it presented us with the fantastic conclusion that communal disturbances which originated in kidnapping scare were due to Communism. There must be a non-official enquiry, the members of which should be drawn from both communities and which can be trusted to hear and judge impartially the evidence placed before them and fearlessly to pronounce judgment. Or if one impartial man, in whom people of both communities and all shades of opinion have confidence, can be found to sit as arbitrator, so much the better. But there is no doubt, that, if we are to be spared such horrors in the future, if we are not to live in a perpetual state of fear of "civil war" breaking out, the responsibility for bringing about the state of mind in one community or the other which makes it possible for this lust for blood and disorder suddenly to run riot, must be definitely fixed in the right quarters, whether they be Hindu or Moslem or both.

**PERMANENT ORGANISATION.**

And let us not repeat the blunder of failing to take precautions for the future by setting up a permanent Conciliation Board with an efficient organisation of a Civic Guard, drawn from all the communities, which will always be ready at a moment's notice to cope with any emergency that arises and "scotch" the trouble before it has time to spread. If the authorities are again unprepared next time to take immediate and effective steps to cope with a danger of this kind, let the people themselves not be guilty of the same mistake. The leaders of both communities are heavily to blame for having been caught unawares this time.

**DANCING DERVISHES.**

All this, however, is the task for the future. Our duty at the moment, as I have said, is clear to complete the task of pacification without a thought for anything else. In the meanwhile, this reckless hurling of charges and whirling of journalistic lathis by Dancing Dervishes on all and sundry, whether it be in Chowringhee, Bori Bunder or Dalal Street, is as great a crime against the community as those committed by the men who have been engaged in the orgy of murder, loot and arson, which is not yet definitely ended.

## THE WAY TO UNITY

To The Editor of the "Chronicle".

Sir,—On Sunday the day of panic and strain a Hindu gentleman, the manager of Messrs. Pohoomull Bros. (India) Apollo Bunder telephoned Messrs. F M. Chinoy and Co. for immediate assistance.

One of them instantaneously arranged accommodation for panic stricken Hindus in the Radio House by cleaning and delivering possession of the second floor. The Manager of Messrs. Pohoomull Bros. (India) with his assistant dashed to the place of strife and rescued about two hundred Sindhis from Koliwada, Bendi Bazar, Jackeria Masjid and Mohamedali Road. They are now safe in the Radio House. Thanks to the obliging nature of Mr. Chinoy who showed a bold step of sympathy towards unity.

If such mentality and bold action were expressed by both Moslems towards Hindus and by Hindus towards their Moslem brothers unity would not be far away.—Yours, etc.

"A PANIC STRICKEN HINDU".

## NEWS FROM KABUL

### Government's Regard For The Hindus

The latest issue of "Islah" of Kabul contains the following news-item:—

"As our just Government views all the communities impartially and makes no distinction between any of them so far as rights and privileges are concerned, it is now paying more attention to the Hindus with a view to granting them posts in various departments on the strength of their merit. Accordingly we now learn that Diwan Hukumchand, formerly the "Mustaufi" of Katghan and Badaksham, has been made a member of the exalted Majlis of deputies."

## WHO IS AUTHORISED TO WEAR RED CROSS

### Police Commissioner Issues Warning

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

During the riots a number of cars, ambulances and lorries displaying Red Crosses or similar emblems and persons wearing Red Cross and similar badges have been seen moving about. The Commissioner of Police has given instructions to the Police that the only persons to whom any facilities are to be given by the Police in regard to rendering First Aid or removing wounded or dead are those who have certificates of proficiency from a recognised Association.

"VOLUNTEERS" WARNED.

During the present disturbances in the City several bands of volunteers—armed and unarmed in uniform or wearing badges have been seen moving about the streets and standing at important junctions. The work of the police and of the military pickets is hampered by the movements of these volunteers, who in fact are unable to render adequate protection to those in need of assistance.

AGREED TO WITHDRAW.

It will be of greater help to the authorities if these volunteers leave the police and the military to deal with the situation. The leaders of both the Muhammadan and Hindu communities have agreed to withdraw all volunteers from the streets and members of volunteer corps are therefore warned that if they appear in uniform or wearing badges in the streets the police will not recognise them as such.

## TO SUPPLEMENT "REGULAR FORCES"

### Bombay Field Brigade & Light Horse.

A Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary published on Thursday states:—

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct the embodiment of two tank and file of the 5th (Bombay) Field Brigade, Royal Artillery, Auxiliary Force, India, to supplement His Majesty's Regular Forces with effect from the afternoon of to-day the 19th May 1932. His Excellency is further is pleased to direct the embodiment of the Bombay Light Horse, Auxiliary Force, India, to supplement His Majesty's Regular Forces with effect from to-day the 19th May 1932.

## City Ambulance On Field Duty

The services of the Bombay City Ambulance Corps were called upon from 9 o'clock in the morning till 12-15 in the night on Thursday under the commandment of Capt. Jal M. Kothavala.

It patrolled the crowded localities of the city, treating, removing and rescuing the injured persons.

Nineteen minor injuries were treated on the spot. One man in trying to escape himself from the danger jumped out from the third floor of his room at Falkland Road and got both his legs badly injured. He was rescued and removed to the hospital.

CRESCENT FREE EMERGENCY HOSPITAL

Dr. G. R. Sheikh writes:

Thirty-nine cases in all were treated in this Hospital on Thursday.

## HOURS OF POSTING SHORTENED

### Sequel To Curfew Order

Owing to the issue of the "Curfew" Order by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, the business hours of the various town sub post offices in the City and Island of Bombay have been curtailed by one hour.

The hours of business of the Bombay General Post Office will however remain unaltered.

The public are therefore advised to post their articles at the Bombay General Post Office in view of these restrictions.

The street letter boxes in the Fort area will also be cleared one hour earlier for the principal mails

## OLYMPIC TEAM IN BOMBAY

### City Beaten By 6 Goals To 1

### THE "WIZARD" CLAIMS 4

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Bombay had, to-day, its first chance to see the Olympic men in action. A fair crowd turned out to watch their play and left at the end of the hour unimpressed by the day's play.

It may be that the team were not put on its mettle, that they have not, had sufficient practice together, that they found the ground too dull and uneven but one left with the not too uninevitable impresssion, that the selectors had seriously blundered their job.

It was a dull game to watch and patchy except for some brief moments Cowton made some good saves for Bombay and after a quarter of an hour the game shifted to the Olympic goal. Three quick "corners" resulted but nothing came of them. The Olympic team scored their first goal half a minute from the interval through Dhyan Chand.

**AFTER THE BREATHER.**

Cowton was again responsible for some good work but the Olympic attached persistently and thanks to the artisky and genious of Dhyan Chand scored three more quick goals all of which gave the goalie no chance at all. Then Afzal scored for Bombay City. But the Olympic team again returned to the attack and scored two more goals through Gurmit Singh and Carr.

**LINE-UPS.**

INDIA:—Hind; Tapsell, Hammond; Brewin, Penniger, Lal Shah; Carr, Gurmit Singh, Dhyan Chand, Rup Singh, Jaffar.

BOMBAR CITY:—Cowton, Abreo, Garnett; Correa, Summerhaye, Heredia; Milne. Da Cunha, Farrell, Afzal, Wills.

**SCORES:**

INDIA .. 6 goals.
BOMBAY CITY .. 1 goal.

## LAST SEVEN INDIAN WICKETS ADD 40 RUNS

### Oxford Follow On After Being All Out For 132 In First Innings

**Following is the closing score at the end of the second day's play in the cricket match between the All-India team and Oxford University. All-India 324. Oxford University 132 (Nissar 6 for 32, Jehangirkhan 3 for 33) and following on 75 for 5 wickets.**

**Resuming their first innings in the match against Oxford University to-day in glorious weather, All-India were all out for the addition of 62 runs to the overnight total. Wazirali who was top scorer with 132, scored mainly through drives and he hit ten fours. Naidu was clean bowled by Linnell for 84. He gave two chances. Naidu's chief hits were two sixes and eight fours. Except Lallsingh no other Indian reached double figures to-day.**

**Oxford then went in on their first innings but seven wickets were down by the tea interval the total then being 122. Nissar has taken five wickets so far, Jahangirkhan dismissing the other two.**

LONDON, May 19.

Indians resumed their first innings to-day in glorious weather.

Wazir Ali was able to add only six runs to his overnight score when he was held by Brooke off Barlow. During his stay at the wicket for nearly three-and-a-half hours he gave chance only once at 64 which too was a hard return. His score of 132 included ten hits to boundary and he specialised in drives.

NAIDU HITS TWO SIXES.

Linnell claimed Naidu's wicket when his score was 85. Naidu in trying to turn a straight ball to leg was clean bowled by Linnell. The third wicket partnership produced 129 runs. Naidu gave two chances one at 29 and another at 70. He hit two sixes and 32 of his runs came through boundaries.

The remaining Indian wickets fell for less than 40 runs. Lall Singh was caught by Owen-Smith off Barlow. The same bowler secured Limbdi's wicket as well when he had scored only two runs. Kapadia and Marshall were both out l.b.w. to Legard and Barlow took Khan's wicket. Legard had his third wicket when he dismissed Nisar for a duck. Godambe was not out nine.

The Indians first innings concluded for 324 runs.

Scores:—

**OXFORD OPEN WELL.**

Brooke and Lindsay opened Oxford University's first innings and at lunch both were not out with 13 and 17 respectively.

**NISSAR CLEAN BOWLS FIVE.**

Following the lunch interval Nissar had great success with the ball, taking five wickets out of the seven that fell before tea, by clean bowling Brooke, Lindsay, Evans, Chalk and Linnell, while Jehangir Khan took the other two wickets. Vanderbill was out l.b.w. to Jahangir Khan and Owen-Smith returned the ball to the same bowler. At the tea interval the total was 122 for 7.

Scores:—

**INDIANS FIRST INNINGS.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Wazir Ali c. Brooke b. Barlow | 132 |
| Naomal l.b.w. b. Owen-Smith | 36 |
| Palia c. Oldfield b. Owen-Smith | 28 |
| Naidu b. Linnell | 85 |
| Lall Singh c. Owen-Smith b. Barlow | 11 |
| Limbdi c. Vanderbill b. Barlow | 2 |
| Kapadia l.b.w. b. Legard | 7 |
| Godambe (not out) | 9 |
| Marshal l.b.w. b. Legard | 6 |
| Jehangir Khan c. Chalk b. Barlow | 1 |
| Nisar b. Legard | 0 |
| Extras | 7 |
| Total | 324 |

Bowling Analysis:—

Barlow 4 for 85; Legard 3 for 48.

**OXFORD UNIVERSITY FIRST INNINGS.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Brooke b. Nisar | 14 |
| Lindsay b. Nisar | 28 |
| Vanderbill l.b.w. Jahangir Khan | 5 |
| Evans b. Nisar | 26 |
| Chalk b. Nisar | 27 |
| Owen-Smith c. and b. Jahangir Khan | 6 |
| Pullan not out | 1 |
| Linnell b. Nisar | 0 |
| Barlow not out | 0 |
| Extras | 15 |
| Total (for 7 wickets) | 122 |

## JAMSAHEB AND THE PARSIS

### Sir Pheroze Sethna's Tribute At Willingdon Club Garden Party

His Highness the Maharaja of Jamnagar was yesterday entertained to a garden party at the Willingdon Sports Club, by members of the Parsi community, on the invitations of the Hon. Sir Phiroze Sethna.

There was a large gathering of well-known members of the Parsi community, and the function was a highly successful one.

The Hon. Sir Phiroze Sethna in proposing a toast to His Highness said:

This gathering, to-day, consists exclusively of members of the Parsi community with of course the exception of our illustrious guest H. H. the Jamsaheb of Navnagar and his staff. Some of us who have the honour of claiming the personal acquaintance of His Highness have throughout been so struck by his genuine regard for, and uniform kindness to, members of our community that we have for long felt that the least we could do would be to convey to him publicly our great appreciation for all that he has done for our co-religionists in his service or residing in his territory; and we are right glad he has afforded us that opportunity this afternoon.

If almost every Parsi in the Jamnagar may be said to be prospering, this is unquestionably due to the favours bestowed on them by H. H. the Jamsaheb. He has several Parsi officials engaged in important positions in the administration of the State.

ONE OF ABLEST OF INDIAN PRINCES

The Jamsaheb is undoubtedly regarded as one of the ablest and wisest of the Indian Princes of our day, and what better proof could there be of this fact than that the Chamber of Princes, only a few weeks ago, elected him as the Chancellor of that body.

JAMSAHEB'S SENSE OF JUSTICE.

If he is held in such high esteem, it is because his people have absolute faith in his sense of justice in all matters; and they recognise full well that he is bent on doing all he can to advance the trade and industries of his State, and to make Navanagar one of the foremost cities in Kathiawar. That he has already succeeded in doing so to a great extent is beyond all question.

The Central Bank of India is rightly regarded as a purely Indian institution: but we may be pardoned for claiming that it owes its initiative to Parsi enterprise. The establishment of a Branch of this Bank in Jamnagar for the last few years is due to the encouragement and the facilities so graciously extended to the Bank by His Highness. The Jamsaheb, we know, is willing and anxious to lend a helping hand to many other enterprises if started in his State. This is the Silver Jubilee year of his reign. Those who knew Jamnagar a generation ago cannot fail to notice the great progress made in so many different directions such as roads, railway, transports, education medical relief etc. by the present enterprising far-seeing and benevolent ruler.

A GREAT SPORTSMAN

The Jamsaheb's reputation as a sportsman and, of course, very particularly as a cricketer is worldwide. This appeals to us Parsis very greatly, for of all western games we have taken most kindly to cricket. Another bond of sympathy between us is Gujarati, the language which His Highness and we Parsis speak in our homes.

GODSPEED

His Highness as we know has been in poor health for some time past. He is sailing for Europe the day after to-morrow. Let us hope the voyage will do him much good. Kathiawar is famous for its bards. Let me conclude by repeating the blessing showered on him by one of such bards in a quatrain which says:

Such strength within his arm abides
Such grace his lips retain,
Long as the Pole-star Heaven rides
So long may Ranjit reign.

## LATEST COTTON PRICES

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER SETTLEMENT

New York, May 19.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing Rate | 5.94 |
| To-day's Opening Rate | 5.93 |
| Difference | —.01 |
| To-day's Closing Rate | 5.97 |
| Difference | +.03 |

Broach Expectations

| | |
|---|---|
| A./M. | Rs. 166 |
| July/August | Rs. 175 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER SETTLEMENT.

Liverpool, May 19.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing Rate | 4.28 |
| To-day's Opening Rate | 4.26 |
| Difference | —.02 |
| To-day's Closing Rate | 4.24 |
| Difference | —.04 |

## STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS RATES

### Latest Quotations

(Special Service for "The Chronicle").

T.T. ON LONDON

New York, May 19.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 3.68 11/16 |
| To-day's Closing | 3.67 3/4 |

T.T. ON NEW YORK.

London, May 19.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 3.67 3/4 |
| To-day's Opening | 3.68 3/8 |
| To-day's Closing | 3.67 3/4 |

'ZENITH' DRAKSHASAV.
Is The BEST TONIC Of The Day

# EMPEROR AND IMPERIALISM

## DIFFERENCE MAY MEAN ACQUITTAL

## ARGUMENTS IN MEERUT CASE

MEERUT, (By Mail.)

In the Meerut conspiracy case, Mr. Piarey Lal Sharma, on behalf of six accused, concluded to-day one part of his argument, namely, that the Workers and Peasants Party, was an independent political organisation and not a veiled communist party and that the activities of the W. P. P. cannot be regarded as evidence of conspiracy in this trial at least.

"The prosecution claims," said Mr. Sharma, "that the Workers and Peasants Party was formed with the express object of overthrowing the sovereignty of the King-Emperor in India through an armed revolution."

He urged that nowhere in the doments of the W. P. P. it was laid down in so many words that the sole aim of the party was to deprive the King-Emperor of his sovereignty over British India. The Workers and Peasants Party believed in the inevitability of revolution in India, but if a member of the party, was convicted on the basis of this belief, it would be tantamount to a prosecution for views.

Mr. Sharma also admitted that the object of the Workers and Peasants Party was the overthrow of British Imperialism. The relation of Imperialism to the sovereignty of the King-Emperor was remote and should not be relied upon in a judicial criminal trial.—A. P.

### Governor Of Bengal

CALCUTTA, May 18.

The Governor of Bengal left for Darjeeling by the Darjeeling mail this evening.—A. P.

### BOMB EXPLOSION

CHITTAGONG, May 18.

The contents of a sample packet exploded this afternoon at the Lamar Bazar post office while a packer was sorting letters, etc., for the Assam mail. The packer was seriously injured and removed to hospital. It is suspected that the packet contained a bomb.—A. P.

### 138 PERSONS ON TRIAL

PUDUKOTTAH, May 17.

Immediately after the riot in Pudukottah in July last a serious dacoity was committed at Andakulam when Muslim houses were looted and property worth more than a lakh of rupees carried away. The police charged 138 persons in this connection before the town magistrate who has framed charges against 118.—A. P.

### FIGHT BETWEEN RIVAL MUSLIM FACTIONS

#### Ringleader Assaulted

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR MAHAL, May 19.

One Mahomedan was seriously injured in the fracas between two sections of Muslims that occurred here last evening. It appears that there was a quarrel on the day of immersion of tabuts, but the trouble was averted. The ringleader of one party was proceeding through Itwari yesterday afternoon, when he was attacked with lathis by twenty Muslims of the rival section. His head was battered and he was removed in an unconscious state to Mayo Hospital where his condition is reported to be precarious. Four other Muslims who sustained injuries were also treated at the hospital.

### MOHURRAM FRACAS NEAR JALGAON

#### Amicable Settlement Reached

JALGAON, May 17.

(By Mail)—A clash occurred on Monday night between two sections of Mahomedans at Dharangaon, a place near Jalgaon, over the right of proceedings from a particular side of the road and has resulted in serious injuries to five or six persons one of whom is said to be in a very precarious condition.

On the Muharram eve, two Mahomedan "Kattal-ki-Rat" processions happened to meet each other on a road, and a dispute arose between them regarding the right of each procession to proceed by a particular side of the road. From words they came to blows, and a serious riot ensued in which torches, sticks and other missiles were freely used.

An armed police party was dispatched the following morning from Jalgaon, and order was restored. Amicable settlement was arrived at between the two sections that day, and the "Tabut" processions of yesterday passed off peacefully.

PEACEFUL CELEBRATION AT AMALNER

At Amalner, a Taluka town in the West Khandesh, where a communal clash was feared on the 16th instant as the Hindu and the Mahomedan festivals fell on the same day, the Muharrum and the Hindu fair passed off peacefully, as the Police has taken the necessary precautions. The leaders of both the sections had also undertaken that the two festivals would pass of peacefully.

The Muharram passed off peacefully at Jalgaon, Pakola and other places in the district.—A.P.

### Official And Personal

Central Provinces.—On Tuesday, the Governor granted interviews to Rai Sahib Seth Motilal, Rai Sahib Dadu Dwarkanath Singh and Mr. V. S. Benkataraman.

### OWNER FINED FOR LETTING BUILDING TO ASHRAMITES

(From A Correspondent)

BARDOLI, May 18.

The building of the Kalamkui Ashram which was demolished by the police was again visited by officers. The owner of the land on which the Ashram was situated was sent for and was asked as to why he allowed the Ashram Building to be erected on his land. The man replied that he himself built the house and hired it to the Ashram people. On this, he was fined Rs. 20 for helping the Ashramites. The fine with the house tax was at once realised from the owner.

### Ashram Workers Released On Parole

(From A Correspondent)

SURAT, May 18.

Sjt. Dayalji Nanubhai Desai and Sjt. Harivadan Thakore of the Antyaj Ashram, Navsari, were released on parole yesterday morning. Sjt. Dayalji was allowed to stay in Bombay for his health, but was further ordered to act according to the Police Commissioner's Order there. Sjt Harivadan Thakore was given notice to stay in Jalalpur village and to present himself at the Chowki daily.

### Matar "Dictator" Jailed

(From A Correspondent)

MATAR, May 16.

The fourth 'Dictator' of Matar, after two months' custody was sentenced to six months' imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 in default further imprisonment for six weeks.

### TESTING MODERN CAR ON ROAD

Engineers have recently announced the results of a study of 654,000 different readings of speedometers, thermometers micrometers, and sundry other instruments used in measuring the behaviour of petrol and motor oil in testing Standard Oil. The test was the most elaborate and extensive thing of the sort ever attempted in the petroleum industry.

In it 13 different makes of cars, representing 88 per cent. of the types in use were first run 9,000 miles each at various speeds on the Indianapolis speedway and then taken out on the highways and byways of 13 middle west and Rocky Mountain states for a road test that lasted from last May until Christmas. They travelled on all kinds of surfaces in all kinds of weather.

Altogether they rolled up a record of 401,807 miles, equivalent for each car to three years of ordinary operation.

In the speedway test the car averages ranged from 10.63 to 18.11 miles per gallon of petrol with a general average of 13.25 miles. On the road tour they varied fdom 11.05 to 20.24 miles and averaged 15.1 miles.

### PROTECTION FROM PROTECTORS!

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—You have recently published some correspondence about the treatment of the tenants of the building in Khetwadi Main Road, belonging to the Goverdhan Samastha.

I beg to draw your attention to an incident which occurred last night, which suggests that the inmates instead of being protected by the servants of the Society, require to be protected against their mischief.

For the last few nights a Hindu gentleman has been staying with me on account of the difficulty of getting to his own residence. Last night at about 11-30 p.m. the care-taker and Bill Collector of the Building, Mr. N. N. Joshi, came to my room with a mob of 20 to 25 infuriated people and accused me of harbouring a Mahomedan in my room.

If this had been true it would have been surprising that in a building owned by a humanitarian society such a charitable act should be resented by the representative of this society.

As I have stated, however, the gentleman staying with me is a Hindu and a Brahmin. Nevertheless, this mob of persons led by the said Nathuram Narayan Joshi, abused us, using threats of violence and it became necessary for me to lock my friend in the room to save him from their attentions. Ultimately they went away using further threats that they would hammer him the next day.

I am laying this matter before the Trustees of this Society but I think it should have immediate publicity as, at this time, such incidents are a danger to the whole community and it is outrageous if those whose duty it is to protect the tenants themselves join in panic which leads to disorder.

Incidently, I may mention that the lights of this building are cut off at midnight, which is a dangerous custom at any time.—Yours' etc.

BHASKAR S. KARMARKAR.
Room No. 2-A,
Goverdhan Bhuvan,
Khetwadi Main Road,
Girgaon, May, 19.

### BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

#### Civil Appointments

Mr. M. W. Brayshay, M.Sc., to be a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay from the 16th May, vice Sir Ernets Jackson.

Mr. Gopaldas Daulatram, a Deputy Superintendent of Police in Sind, is granted from the 12th May 1932 leave on average pay for four months, preparatory to retirement.

Mr. Puttappa Lingappa Benni to officiate as Second Grade Deputy Collector and to do duty as Assistant Commissioner, Southern Division, pending further orders.

Mr. R. N. Welingkar to be Professor of Logic and English at the Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, in the Bombay Educational Service Class II permanently with effect from 1st April 1932.

Mr. G. K. Dhurandhar, L.M.& S. Officiating Officer in charge, Chemico-Bacteriological Laboratory, Karachi, has been granted leave, to 2nd July 1932.

### WIDOW RE-MARRIAGE

Under the auspices of the Vidhawa Viwaha Sahaik Subha, Bombay Branch of Sir Gangaram Trust Society of Lahore a widow re-marriage was celebrated at the premises of Mr. Khusaldas Purshottamdas, in Maruti Lane, Bombay, on Sunday, the 15th instant. The bride Shrimati Sarala was a Kachhi Gujarathi widow and the bridegroom, Mr. Khusaldas Purushottamdas, is a Gujarathi Bhowasar, landlord of Bombay. The marriage was negotiated by Mr. Kukade, the Branch preacher of the V. V. Sahaik Sabha. The rites adopted were those of the Arya Samajists.

The function was attended by over 100 ladies and gentlemen amongst whom, Shet Bhagawandas Madhavdas, the president, Dr. S. R. Machwe, the Hon. Secretary V. V. Sahaik Subha and Dr. Kalliandas Mehta were present.

### THE B. E. S. T. & CO., Ltd.

#### Gross Receipts For April 1932

| | Up to the For April, 1932. Rs. | end of April, 1932. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Electric Supply | *7,77,445 | 31,63,622 |
| Traction, (Trams & Omnibuses) | 5,49,762 | 21,77,464 |
| Decrease over same period last year | | 1,103 |

*Exclusive of Supply to Tramways.

### BAN ON KERALA CONFERENCE DEFIED

#### Leaders Arrested And Convicted

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, May 16.

In spite of the precautions taken by the police, the Kerala Provincial Conference took place in Calicut yesterday morning. Mr. Samuel Aaron, Chairman of the Municipal Council of Cannaunore, presided, and some hundreds of delegates and visitors attended. The whole proceedings of the Conference were finshed within half an hour.

It was an exciting game of hide and seek, between the police and the Congressmen. The date of the Conference had been announced as the 15th May, but the exact time and place were not disclosed. The whole police force was mobilised to watch the movements of the organisers and delegates. A couple of days previously, the police raided the house of Mr. K. Raman Menon, Advocate, who was believed to be organising the Congress volunteers and arrested Mr. Menon and a dozen young men, and carried away some account books, registers, leaflets and a hand-press. Their trial is pending.

The Conference had not been declared unlawful under the Ordinance, but a prohibition order under section 144 of Cr. P. C. was issued by the Sub-Magistrate and served on some Congressmen during the night of the 14th instant, including Mr. Samuel Aaron who had just arrived from Cannaunore.

The conference met in an open field within the town at about 6 a.m., and it is estimated that over 300 persons attended, representing all taluks of Malabar and Cochin and Travancore States. Hoisting the flag, national prayer, distribution of printed addresses of the chairman of the reception committee and president of the conference, the reading of six resolutions drafted by the committee on the previous day and the president's concluding speech quickly followed one another. And then the gathering formed into a procession with the flag and marched a mile off to another field where a similiar meeting had been conducted by Mrs. Grace Aaron (the president's wife). The amalgamated crowd proceeded to Talli, the heart of the town, and, under a famous banyan tree in the Tank Square, one delegate addressed the crowd on their successful evasion of the police, the Khaddar and Abstinence propaganda.

ARRESTS.

When they were dispersing, the police arrived and arrested batch after batch in various parts of the town. Some persons were arrested when they were going to the conference. Some wede arrested while distributing the printed addresses after the Conference. The arrested persons were taken in buses and cars to the police station. At about 9 a.m. the police arrived at the house where Mr. Samuel Aaron and other leading members of the Conference were found. These men and Mrs. Aaron and other women were arrested and taken to police station.

The police brought midday meals from the hotel and gave a feast to the large number of arrested persons in the verandah of the District Police office. Over a hundred arrests were made.

12 ONLY REMANDED.

But only 12 persons were remanded. All the rest were let off in the evening. Some of them were sent away by rail, southward and northward, some by buses into the villages, and others by 'jutkas' to their homes. Mrs. Aaron was the only lady detained. The police purchased tirkets for those who were sent by rail.

At noon about a dozen volunteers went in procession from the railway station. Before they had passed over 2 furlongs, the police arrived and ordered them to disperse. They refused and were beaten with canes and then were arrested and removed to lock-up.

CONVICTION OF LEADERS.

Eleven persons, including Mrs. Grace Aaron, arrested and detained yesterday were put up for trial to-day before Mr. K. Hashim Sahib, Divisional Magistrate.

The Inspector of Police stated that the Conference passed resolutions supporting civil disobedience, and that the conference had been prohibited by an order under section 144 in the preceding night. He said there were 200 or more Congress volunteers in the town yesterday and if he had not arrested them, there might have breach of peace and loss of life and property. There was an interesting cross-examination by the accused persons about the time of the conference and the presence of accused in it.

All the accused were sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment under section 143, I.P.C. section 188 I.P.C. and 17(1) of Cr. Law Amendment Act. (6 months on each count.) An additional 6 months' R. I. awarded to two accused under 17-2 Cr. L. A. for managing an unlawful association. Messrs. Aaron and Raja and Mrs. Aaron were placed in A class. Four accused were placed in B class, and the rest in C class.


HASTEN CONVALESCENCE with this delicious food-drink

AFTER the fever has run its course and one commences the return to normal health, diet becomes the all-important question. Nourishing, easily digested food must supply new vitality, impart new energy.

Because it so quickly helps to build up health and strength during convalescence, Horlick's Malted Milk has been recommended by Doctors and used in hospitals for nearly fifty years. It provides the rich nourishment so urgently needed, yet puts no strain upon weakened digestive organs.

And the delicious, creamy flavour of Horlick's makes an instant appeal to the most fastidious appetite! Start taking Horlick's to-day.

HORLICK'S
The Original Malted Milk
AVAILABLE EVERYWHERE

With Horlick's you can make many delicious drinks yourself. Send this coupon for recipe leaflets

To Post Box No. 2229, CALCUTTA
Please send me, free of charge, your leaflet "Horlick's in Convalescence"
Name .....
Address .....
- D. C. 9.

Factory CALCUTTA.

SUPPORT INDIAN INDUSTRY
DUCKBACK (Regtd.)
WATERPROOFS

BEWARE of those Dealers of old clothes and imported Waterproofs who say Waterproofs cannot be made in India. We are making purely Swadeshi Waterproof with Indian Mill made materials for the last 12 years. Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Malaviyaji and their party used our Waterproofs when they left for London Round Table Conference.

THE BENGAL WATERPROOF WORKS, LTD. (B. C.)
367, Hornby Road, Bombay (Opp: Bank of India)
Sub-Agent:—SAVARDEKAR & Co., Girgaum.


### MONSOON IN BOMBAY DECCAN

#### Widespread Showers In The South

POONA, May 19.

In connection with the temporary advance of the monsoon in the southeast Arabian Sea, locally very heavy rain has fallen in Malabar and Coorg, Calicut reporting seven inches and Cochin and Mercara six inches each.

Conditions remain unsettled in the Southeast Arabian Sea, off Malabar and in the Southeast Bay of Bengal, off the Coromandel Coast, and fairly widespread rain has fallen in the Madras Presidency and Mysore with a few falls in the Bombay Deccan.

There has also been local rain in Tenasserim, with a few falls in Assam, Bengal and the West Central Provinces. The temperature is above normal in Burma, Assam, Bengal and Bihar and below it in the Madras Presidency.

Chief amounts of rainfall: Amherst, Dhubri 12 inch; Darjeeling 1|4; Hoshangabad 1|2; Calicut 7; Cochin and Mercara 6; Mangalore 2; Trivandrum and Bangalore 1-1|2; Khandala and Trichinopoly 3|4; Gadag, Mysore, Negapatam, Vellore, Vizagapatam and Cooneor 1|2; Chitaldrug, Coimbatore, Salem, Anantpur, and Nellore 1|4.

Forecast.—Rainfall will continue in the Madras presidency and Mysore and extend in the Konkan and the Deccan. Thunderstorm rain will extend in Tenasserim and a few falls will occur over the region extending from Assam to the Central Provinces.—A. P.


FREE SERVICE
of
A QUALIFIED OPHTHALMIC SURGEON
from the Royal London Moorfields Ophthalmic Hospital. Mr. N. R. Dastoor, F.S.M.C., F.I.O., F.N.A.O. (London) is also in attendance for daily consultation.

Moderate charges and prompt and accurate work always.
DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & COMPANY,
Oculists and Opticians,
71, Esplanade Road, Near Currency Bank and
Opposite Bombay Club ..... Fort, BOMBAY.
Please note our address carefully. We have absolutely no connection with any other firm of similar name in Bombay.


PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, May 19.

| | |
|---|---|
| Khandeish | 110 Bales |
| Barsi/Nugger | 142 ,, |
| Berar | 565 ,, |
| Central Provinces | 148 ,, |
| Dholera | 309 ,, |
| Rajputana | 33 ,, |
| Broach | 672 ,, |
| Compta/Dharwar | 264 ,, |
| East Africans | 1,212 ,, |
| Wheat | 15,412 Cwts. |
| Linseed | 24,579 ,, |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds | 1,781 ,, |
| Gingellyseed | 178 ,, |
| Poppyseed | 148 ,, |
| Groundnuts | 9,081 ,, |
| Castorseed | 8,036 ,, |
| Rice | 2,277 ,, |
| Myrabollams | 5,381 ,, |
| Cottonseed | 6,310 ,, |
| Mowraseed | 128 ,, |
| Gram | 5,719 ,, |
| Joowar | 2,959 ,, |
| Barley | 1,359 ,, |
| Bajree | 3,201 ,, |
| Coal | 67 Tons |


BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION
KAMINIA SNOW (Regd).

The Nature's best preparation for skin. Its use imparts—admirable loveliness, graceful complexion, soft velvety and spots-free snow-white skin. It renders a blooming and bright appearance and its delicate perfume is another attraction to use. Try a pot to-day.

Price As. 12 per pot.
V. P. extra.
Sole Agents:
ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
285, Juma Masjid,
P. O. Box 2082, BOMBAY.

Leading Soaps Of Asia

**KAMINIA TOILET SOAPS**

which prove a real splendour and leave a mark of distinction.

KAMINIA GLYCERINE (Transparent) SOAP,
Kaminia Whiterose Soap.
Kaminia Lavender Soap.
Kaminia Sandal Soap.
Dilbahar Soap, etc.

All popular for their outstanding merits so necessary for every skin. Price As. 15 per box of 3 cakes, V.P. extra.

Sole Agents:
ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
285. JUMA MASJID,
P.O. Box 2032, BOMBAY.

**EARN Rs. 300 A MONTH**

By learning practically or by post, TOILET and WASHING SOAPS from 10 years graduate experts. Ten times fees refunded on failure. Details free from B. DUTT, B.A., B.L., Saidpur (Rangpur), Bengal. Opinions of our students—Rai Shaheb K. Ganguli, M.A., Rtd., D.S.P. writes—"The instructions are thorough and complete. Soaps prepared in my presence seemed to me in no way inferior to foreign make". Mr. H. Banerjee M.Sc., writes—"I studied the working of the Benares Hindu University and am also acquainted with the method of the college of of science of the Calcutta University. But these methods cannot compete with the Dacca Manufactures which are taught at Saidpur."

SOUTH INDIAN
**Art Jewellery Works**
MATUNGA, BOMBAY.

Diamond selection and setting our speciality. Makers of fashionable gold jewels, suitable to all South Indian communities. Dealers in American chemical diamonds at Rs. 8/- per carat. Best workmanship at moderate charges. Consult or write to PROPRIETOR, Panch Buildings, Matunga, G. I. P. Bombay.

**HYDROCELE**

Provakar Oil Rs. 2. The best approved remedy for all types of Orchitis, Elephantiasis, Hernia etc. Application removes pain at once and redness, size and weight soon. A single trial will convince. KAVIRAJ R. SHASTRI, B.A., Kanchrapara (Bengal)

**WESTERN INDIA**
Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
SATARA

**Fifth Valuation Out**

New BONUS per thousand per Annum

**Endowment Rs. 20**
AND
**Whole Life Rs. 2**

No other Company of the same age in India can show equal results.

*Re. Agency and other particulars. Please apply*

Manager.

# Cotton Carry-Over Will Be 2 Lacs

## Bales Large In Bombay

### ENORMOUS SURPLUS OF COMMODITIES AND IDLE MONEY

### Danger Of Economic Collapse

Messrs. Langley & Co. in their report issued on the 14th May, write as under:—

Superficially the week may have been dull but there are two features of sufficient significance to warrant comment. The first is the continued and marked deterioration of conditions in America. Writing on the 13th of last month a valued correspondent in Memphis said, "Business conditions in the States could hardly be worse." Since then they have definitely declined. Not only has the shrinkage in commodity and security values continued but the reduction in textile activity shown by the small consumption figures for April is indicative of the wider shrinkage in almost all business in America. How the country has stood up to it without more visible signs of cracking amazes us and, to our mind, can only be accounted for by the credit extension policy undertaken to unfreeze assets held by American banks. The inflation by bond purchasing is a form of financial blood transfusion which alone, or so it seems to us, has kept the body of American commerce alive. Were there no Presidential elections this year or were they being held in June instead of November one might reasonably anticipate an early and dramatic move by Mr. Hoover to provide immediate stimulus towards recovery but, with the elections so far ahead and the Lausanne Conefrence being held next month, an early gesture is unlikely. Meanwhile conditions might well deteriorate further and declining general conditions are a factor against any recovery in cotton unless crop news is unfavourable.

ECONOMIC COLLAPSE.

The second feature of note is the growing realisation in Europe of the danger of complete economic collapse. The gravest fears on this subject were expressed in the British House of Commons during the debate on the budget and an ex-British ambassador in Berlin emphasised the same danger in a speech at the Anglo-German Club in London. When a disease has been diagnosed there is some chance for the patient's recovery and, in our opinion, there will be a driving force and a will for co-operation at Lausanne which has been conspicuous only by its absence at previous conferences. Lausanne must and, we think, will be constructive.

CHEAP MONEY.

Another point of somewhat less interest is the cheapening of money rates, not only in Britain, where already too much short term money has accumulated, but also in countries whose claim to solvency is little more than academic. The efficacy of cheap money however is negatived by the absence of confidence. The only demand for money nowadays is from sources whose assets are frozen. The "free lance" merchant or even speculator does not want money. He is already perplexed by the difficulty of finding employment for his own funds in channels providing capital security. A year ago we wrote "Is it not true that on the one hand there is an enormous surplus of usable commodities and on the other an enormous surplus of idle money? It is definitely so. In the past, has not almost invariably the problem of surpluses been solved by the speculator eventually 'carrying the baby'? Then, is not the refusal of commodities to stabilise due, broadly speaking, almost entirely to the fact that their surpluses cannot be linked to the surplus of idle money because confidenre is lacking?" The problem, we maintain, is fundamentally the same to-day. Even inflation is ineffective if the money put into circulation refuses to circulate. The money flow must increase more than the goods flow, but if both are stagnant and, due to lack of confidence, fail to connect, then academic economics remains a stimulating mental exercise but is of little practical value. The hope is Lausanne, where settlement of even a few of the major problems, followed by constructive action in America, would go a very long way towards restoring confidence by removing some of the grosser risks in international trade.

The effects of financial stringency will not be lost on the acreage planted to cotton in America and we shall be surprised if the reduction, in spite of recent conflicting reports, is not a full 15 per cent. Weather conditions have recently been on the whole favourable but the crop has a long way to go before it reaches maturity. Meanwhile however the New York market acts as if it was tired out by the magnitude of the problem and an opportunity might well be provided for purchases at a lower rate.

LARGE CARRY-OVER.

An improved demand for actual cotton from the Far East helped the Bombay and Karachi markets earlier in the week but, monotonous as it may be, we can only repeat that the Bombay market until it moves into a more reasonable parity relative to American cotton can only view the prospect of a new crop with serious misgivings. Stocks over the week have increased by 47,633 bales against an increase for the corresponding week last year of 1,289 bales. Arrivals were 88,790 bales against 73,694 a year ago and shipments amounted to only 30,440 bales with a further 9,188 afloat in harbour. Furthermore cotton is being held up-country, but in spite of this it now looks as if the Bombay carry-over will be at least 2,00,000 larger than last year. There is nothing in the cotton outlook more inevitable than an adjustment, ultimately, in the parity betwepen East Indians and Americans.

PRIVATE CABLES—

Messrs. Breul and Co., have received the following cable dated 18th inst. (5.32 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reyolds and Gibson:—

"Consider Bear operations at current rates dangerous; suggest taking advantage easy markets to make purchases."

Messrs. Drennan and Co., have received the following cables:—

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach Co., New York cable:—

"U. S. G. weekly weather report fairly favourable, exports continue to be liberal, steady buying by trade absorbing offers strong statistical position. We would adopt a trading position with preference for purchases on all setbacks for the present."

Messrs. Hornby, Hemelryk and Co., Liverpool cable:

"New York cables very small market but weekly weather report less favourable than expected."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 18.

| | |
|---|---|
| May | 5.61+.09 |
| July | 5.69+.09 |
| October | 5.94+.08 |
| December | 6.08+.08 |
| January 1933 | 6.18+.08 |
| March 1933 | 6.30+.08 |
| Middling Spot | 5.75+.10 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 18.

| | |
|---|---|
| May | 5.60+.05 |
| July | 5.69+.07 |
| Middling Spot | 5.74+.07 |

NEW YORK.

New York, May 18.

New York, 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time):

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 5.64 |
| October | 5.89 |
| January | Mutilated |

New York, Noon Call:

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 5.67 |
| October | 5.91 |
| January | 6.13 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 18.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports | 8,000 |
| Day's Exports to Great Britain | 1,000 |
| Day's Exports to the Continent | 8,000 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, May 18.

| | 10-10 a.m. Quotations | To-day's Closing. |
|---|---|---|
| May | | 4.30—.02 |
| June | | 4.26—.02 |
| July | 4.23 | 4.25—.02 |
| August | | 4.26—.03 |
| September | | 4.27—.03 |
| October | 4.26 | 4.28—.03 |
| November | | 4.30—.03 |
| December | | 4.32—.03 |
| January 1933 | 4.33 | 4.34—.03 |
| February 1933 | | 4.37—.03 |
| March 1933 | 4.38 | 4.40—.04 |
| April 1933 | | 4.42—.04 |
| May 1933 | | 4.45—.03 |
| July | | 4.50—.03 |
| Middling Spot | | 4.53—.07 |

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 18.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sakellaridis, May | 5.90 |
| July | 5.98 |
| October | 6.25 |
| November | 6.27 |
| December | 6.33 |
| January | 6.38 |
| March 1933 | 6.49 |
| F.G.F. Spot | 6.10 |

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 18.

BROACH:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Fully Good (Good Staple) | 4.07 |
| Fine (Good Staple) | 4.19 |
| Superfine (Good Staple) | 4.31 |

C.P. OOMRA:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Good (No 1 Staple) | 4.93 |
| Superfine (No. 1 Staple) | 5.08 |
| Choice (No. 1 Staple) | 5.23 |

BENGAL:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Good | 3.50 |
| Fully Good | 3.60 |
| Fine | 3.70 |

SCINDE:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Fully Good | 3.60 |
| Fine | 3.70 |
| Superfine | 3.80 |

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 18.

Silver:—China small seller.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | 17-1/8 |
| Forward | 17-1/4 |

LONDON GOLD.

London, May 18.

Gold Bar Fine per oz. £5-13-2.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, May 18.

Interest Day to Day Loans 1 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' Market Loans 1-3/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 3 months 1-27/32 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months 2-3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 3-1/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 18.

| | |
|---|---|
| T T London on Berlin | 15.42-1/2 |
| T T London on Amsterdam | 9.06-1/2 |
| T T London on Brussels | 26.24 |
| T T London on Madrid | 44.87 |
| T T London on Milan | 71.46 |
| T T London on Berne | 18.79 |
| T T London on Paris | 93.25 |
| T T London on Prague | 545.00 |
| T T London on New York Closing Rate | 3.67-3/4 |

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, May 18.

Cottonseed Bombay Hull ton:—No offers.

Castorseed Bombay Hull ton:—May/June sellers £11-17-6.

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Continent: May/June sellers £10-17-6.

LINSEED.

London, May 18.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton: May/June sellers £9-8-0.

Linseed La Plata c.i.f. Hull ton:—May/June sellers £7-15-0.

Linseed, Bombay (London) ton: May/June sellers £10-17-6.

LINSEED OIL.

London, May 18.

Linseed Oil, naked London cwt: June/Aug. sellers 13/3.

Linseed Oil, naked London cwt: Sept./Dec. sellers 14/-.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, May 18.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot:—2.

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.

London, May 18.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 64 lb. Cargoes:—May/June sellers 26/9.

Barletta Russo per 64 lb. Cargoes May/June sellers 27/9.

Wheat South Australian Parcels: May/June sellers 27/3.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, Parcels:—June/July sellers 28/-.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, May 18.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality), Spot:—3-3/8.

# NEW YORK FUTURES

### Daily Highs And Lows

New York, May 14.

October Highest 5.85 (11-59 a.m.) lowest 5.81 (10-04 a.m.).

New York, May 16.

October Highest 6.05 (2-54 p.m.) lowest 5-78 (11-06 a.m.).

New York, May 17.

October Highest 6.02 (11-02 (11-29 a.m.) lowest 5.85 (-52 p.m.).

New York, May 18

October Highest 6.02 (11-29 a.m.) lowest 5.85 (2-52 p.m.).

# U. S. A. COTTON CONSUMPTION

U. S. A. Mills consumption for April amounted 367,000 Bales against 489,000 Bales for the last March. The consumption doing April in the past five seasons was as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| 1931-32 | 367,000 |
| 1930-31 | 509,000 |
| 1929-28 | 532,000 |
| 1928-29 | 632,000 |
| 1927-28 | 525,000 |
| 1926-27 | 619,000 |

**Beware of Bluffers**

SELLING JAPANESE WATERPROOFS AS SWADESHI

*Please Note*

that there is not a single Pure Swadeshi Rubberoid Waterproof factory anywhere as yet in India.

**BUY**

MARROTT'S sixty per cent. Swadeshi Water Proof Coats, the Best and Cheapest in India.

**K.C. Marrott,** India's Premier House for New Waterproofs Hornby Road, Bombay,

POONA CITY BRANCH:—179, BUDHWARA

# Bullion Brokers Meet

BOMBAY, May 19.

Members of the Bombay Bullion Exchange will meet this afternoon to consider the question of re-opening of business in silver and to fix the day for declaring rights on double options, which is falling on Friday. It is believed that the majority of the brokers will vote for re-opening the market from Monday, May 23.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 19.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| May | 123.60 | +3.70 |
| August | 132.10 | +4.60 |
| November | 135.00 | +4.60 |

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, May 19.

| | 1931-32 | 1930-31 |
|---|---|---|
| F.P. Bales Receipts to date 18-5-32 | 9560000 | 8660000 |
| Receipts Yesterday 18-5-32 | 8000 | 3000 |
| Exports to date 18-5-32 | 7746000 | 6257000 |
| Stock at Ports 13-5-32 | 3972000 | 3383000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 13-5-32 | 1622000 | 1091000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 13-5-32 | 812000 | 1069000 |
| Visible Supply 13-5-32 | 7838000 | 6596000 |
| Quantity in Sight 13-5-32 | 14102000 | 12662000 |
| Quantity out of Sight 13-5-32 | 11457000 | 9138000 |

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

Ex-Godown, Bombay.

Bombay, May 19.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 400 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil per case of 84 lbs. Rs. 22.

Filtered Til Seed Oil Rs. 19/8 per case of 84 lbs.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 72 per ton.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, May 18.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta: May/June per cwt. 7/9.

C and F Bombay:—May/June per cwt. 7/9-1/2.

C and F Karalhi:—May/June per cwt. 7/9-1/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 18.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Chartered Bank of I. A & C. | 11-1/2 |
| Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) | 102 |
| P. & O. Banking Corporation | 6 |
| Funding Loan 4 per cent. | 100 |
| Conversion Loan 3½ p.c. | 89-1/2 |
| Rupee Paper 3½ per cent | 44-1/2 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent. Sterling Loan | 60 |
| Indian Stock 3½ per cent. Sterling Loan | 70 |
| Indian Stock 4½ per cent. Sterling Loan | 92 |
| Consols 2½ per cent | 65-1/4 |
| War Loan 5 per cent | 101-1/2 |
| Victory Bonds 4 per cent | 100-1/4 |

LONDON METALS.

London, May 18.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Copper Braziers | 41-1/2 |
| Yellow Metal | 35 |
| Spelter Hard Indian brands | 12-5/8 |
| Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge | 9-3/8 |
| Tin English Ingot | 224 |

**FRAGRANT ICE COLD LEMON CREAM**
REGISTERED

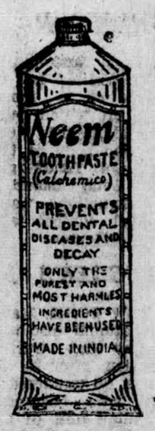
This is an ideal hair dressing for ladies and gentlemen, in a hot country like India. Used in the morning, it keeps the brain cool and free from fatigue the whole day. Gives sound refreshing sleep, if used before retiring. Cures headache, dizziness and weak memory. Stops hair falling and makes it long, black, soft and glossy.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

KELVIN CHEMICAL CO.,
BOMBAY, 4

THE ANCIENT REMEDY IN MODERN FORM

**NEEM TOOTH PASTE**




Embodies full efficacy of Neem sticks (Danton) used from ancient days in cleaning and preserving the teeth. All the astringent, deodorising and antiseptic properties have been kept in tact without its bitter taste incorporated with precipitated chalk and other substances and essential oils that are pronounced in the latest western medical science as destroying tartar, giving tone to the membranes and fragrant breath.

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# DRAMATIC GESTURE AT LAUSANNE

### Cotton Acreage Reduction More

Bombay, May 19.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co's report:—

The following cable is to hand from New York:—

"Republicans despondent over Hoover's election prospects. Democrats placard economic recovery, reconsideration tariffs reparations and prohibition.

Republicans hope some dramatic gesture at Lausanne will turn public sympathy their favour. Suggestions afloat modification reparations and simultaneous adjustment war-debts with enlarged international credits partly backed by silver.

Fearing rest Southern American states inability hold longer gold standard and meet liabilities expect soon monetary conference. More disposition to reconsider fiscal arrangements and balance budget. Bank of England increasing gold reserves considered favourably. Although no serious crop deterioration reported private complaints numreous, believe acreage reduction more than generally expected. Spot demand moderate and dry goods improving. No satisfactory general business improvement however expect some definite programme trade revival in Republican convention next month."

# PRIVATE OPINIONS ON COTTON

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

"New York market is awaiting Congress' developments.

Weekly Weather Report is generally unfavourable. Too cool; considerable replanting is necessory in Texas"

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled as under:—

"Crop progress last week good, planting nearing completion; domestic cloth sales light, mill curtailment heavy. English Mill trend downward, Continent unchanged; Japan Mills maintoin activity. Domestic business declines, commodities lower."

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J10

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# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1932.

JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co., Ltd. has Its Head Office in Fort. Bombay.
J11

# A Nation Vents Its Wrath

## LINDY'S BABY CASE SEQUEL

## "Millionaire" Charged For His Heartless Hoax

*TRENTON (New Jersey), May 18.*

***Curtis, the "millionaire" boat-builder who at a critical stage of the Lindbergh baby negotiations falsely stated he had got into touch with the kidnappers and thus gave a wrong direction to the police efforts and has since confessed that he played the hoax for money, was formally charged with wilfully giving false reports of the persons guilty of the crime to the Hopewell police.***

### Under Guard

***Fearing that remorse may tempt Curtis to commit suicide the police are keeping him under close observation. The Norfolk (Virginia) police are checking Curtis's movements on the night of the kidnapping.***

***It is understood that Mrs. Curtis has stated that her husband was at home that night.***

**SWINDLE**

NEW YORK, May 18

**It is revealed that Curtis attempted to persuade Col. Lindbergh to deposit 25,000 dollars in a Norfolk bank in Curtis's name as "evidence of good faith" and an advance of the ransom payment but Col. Lindbergh refused because he was not satisfied that the Kidnappers with whom Curtis said he was forming contact really had the child.**

### *NON-EXISTENT RUM-RUNNER*

NEW YORK, May 18.

Americans are aflame with indignation at the cruel hoax perpetrated by Curtis and they are demanding his arrest and trial on a charge of "frauds against the Government," which carries a maximum penalty of three years' imprisonment.

Curtis made this confession in the presence of Mr. Schwartzkopf chief of New Jersey Police who had always been sceptical about Curtis's stories of his "negotiations."

It is pointed out that besides causing Col. Lindbergh much needless anguish, Curtis has cost him and the state much money, for troops, police, marines, aeroplanes, ships and motorcars were placed at his disposal. Every available United States coastuard vessel between Gloucester and Massachusetts, Norfolk and virginia was mobilised last week for the search of a non-existent rumrunner on which Curtis declared the kidnappers were. The very day the body of the baby was found Col. Lindbergh, on a yacht off Long Island, under Curtis's instructions, was trying to establish contact with the kidnappers.—Reuter.

### *BOOTLEGGER'S STORY*

NEW YORK, May 18.

The sensational disclosure was made to-day that Curtis made the confession after he was confronted with an unnamed Scottish boot-legger who accused Curtis of swindling him of a large sum by failing to carry out his promise to buy influence for the bootlegger with the Norfolk police authorities.—Reuter.

### *ALLEGED THREAT TO FOREIGN CLOTH DEALER*

BENARES, May 19.

Mr. Rameshwar Dayal, deputy magistrate has acquitted two persons charged with having threatened Biharilal, a dealer in foreign cloth, saying that Biharilal would meet with the fate of Aga Mohammad Jan Khan, who was shot dead last year by some unknown persons.

It will be recalled that Aga's death followed a serious communal riot in Benares.—A. P.

### *PRESS SECURITY DEMANDED*

BENARES, May 18

Government has demanded security of Rs. 1,000 from the local "Saraswati Press" in connection with an editorial note under the caption "Limit of Repression", published in a Hindi monthly magazine.—A. P.

### *CONSTABLES ACQUITTED*

#### *Charges Of Ill-Treating Women*

BENARES, May 18.

Mr. L. Owen, District Magistrate, of Benares, delivering judgment to-day, acquitted all the five accused in the case in which one head constable and four constables were charged with having ill-treated certain Congress women volunteers in the Dasashumedh Thana on March 11.

tI will be recalled that hte case arose as a result of a magisterial inquiry the finding of which was that a 'prima facie' case had been made out against the constables, who were suspended by the superintendent of police and warrants under Section 323 read with Section 509 I.P.C. were issued against them.—A. P.

### *CHINESE SILK DUTY*

SHANGHAI, May 18.

The Chinese Government has abolished the Export or Silk Duty (tariff numbers 180 to 184) from May 18.

## PILE OF CORPSES AT SONAPUR

THE RIOTS' TOLL.—Look at this horrid spectacle! It is a pile of corpses at the Hindu crematorium at Sonapur, awaiting to be disposed of.

AN INCIDENT OF THE RIOTS—Looting of a Marwari shop at Dongri by Muslim mavalis. one of the mavalis who paid it with his life.

## WOMEN AND CHILDREN SHOT

## Liberia Horror

### *LEAGUE EXPERT TO MAKE INQUIRY*

GENEVA, May 18.

Allegations are made that over 150 men, women and children were killed, many of whom were burned to death, in firings in forty-four villages on the Kru coast, according to a memorandum embodying the result of the inquiry conducted by the Liberian Government and submitted this morning to the League Council's Committee by the Liberian Delegation.

The report added that no doubt the actions of civil and military officials in the past had been much to undermine the confidence of the native in the Liberian Government.

The committee of the League Council unanimously agreed that the League Council should recommend urgently the despatch of a representative to the Kru coast to assist in the pacification of the country and encourage the tribes to return to their villages under conditions of security.—Reuter.

## Pope's Call To The Faithful

### "CRUSH COMMUNISM"

### *HARD HIT AT GOLD HOARDERS*

ROME, May 19.

The calamity of the world social and economic chaos is compared by the Pope to the great flood in the days of Noah in a 2,000 and word Encyclical, published to-day and dated May 3.

The Encyclical dealers an unremitting war on communism, individual selfishness and exaggerated nationalistic tendencies and exhorts the Faithful to unite and oppose with all their might the evils crushing humanity and the still greater evils threatening it.

The Encyclical adds: "Those very few who appear to have their hands on the wealth of the world and whose speculations were and are a great part of the cause of so much woe, are themselves quite often the first and the most notorious victims, dragging down into the abyss, the fortunes of countless others."—Reuter.

### *BRITISH SECURITIES EASY*

LONDON, May 18.

Owing to some profittaking British Government securities eased slightly while central European issues continued to be weak.

Tin after quiet period attracted fresh attention owing to expectations of early announcement concerning new restriction scheme, price jumping over three and half sterling.

There was good activity in pepper market owing to continental demand. Otherwise there was no special feature.—Reuter.

### *BRITISH BOARD OF TRADE*

RUGBY, May 19.

Returns published by Board of Trade reveal that proportion of imports from British countries in January March quarter showed marked increase as compared with corresponding periods of 1931 and 1924.

British countries also took slightly larger proportion of United Kingdom exports than last year and considerably greater share than in 1924. During first quarter of current year 34.48 per cent. of United Kingdom imports were consigned from British countries. In 1931 and 1924 proportions were 30.31 per cent. and 30.69 per cent. respectively. 43.83 per cent. of United Kingdom exports against 43.01 in first quarter of last year and against 40.94 in corresponding quarter of 1924 were absorbed by British countries.—B.O.W.

## THE RIGHT TO LOOT

## Not In Bombay, But In Aden Sea

### HOPE GIVEN UP OF MISSING MEN

ADEN, May 13.

It is thought that the few survivors of the Georges Philippar, the French liner that has been burnt in the Gulf of Aden, may have been picked up by the Otranto and the Kaiser-i-Hind, which are both due in Colombo on May 21. There is just a possibility that the natives seeing the blaze may have put out from the rocky Somali coast and rescued a few more.

An old agreement is said to exist by which the tribesmen have the right to all the loot from shipwrecks on the condition that they spare the lives of the passengers and crew. Thirty years ago a number of Europeans were stranded on the coast after a shipwreck. Their lives were spared, although the natives took even the clothes they wore.

Seventy passengers and crew are so far missing out of the total of 767 on board. The Andrelebon will arrive here from Djibouti (French Somaliland) at midnight.

### *ALL DEAD?*

LATER.

It is feared that all the missing passengers and crew of the Georges Philippar are dead. It is practically certain that none was rescued by the larger vessels in the vicinity.

There is faint hope that some lifeboats or rafts may have reached the coast or been picked up by Arab dhows.

### *JOYFUL SCENES OF REUNION*

#### *Tribute To Soviet Crew*

ADEN, May 19.

Joyful scenes of reunion of families were witnessed on the arrival of the Andre Lebon with 34 survivors of the Philippar. "God and wind were with us," declared a first class passenger, describing how 400 people were cut off from the boat with many dying of burns and suffocation, having been imprisoned for two hours while the flames raced with the approaching ships.

All pay tribute to the behaviour of the crew and the passengers and speak highly of the crew of the Soviet ship.—Reuter.

## DE VALERA UNREPENTANT

### And Yet May Go To Ottawa !

LONDON, May 18.

Mr. De Valera will go to the Ottawa Conference if Government business permits. It is expected that three ministers will attend the conference but their names are not yet available.

Mr. De Valera is expected to reply to Mr. Thomas regarding the question of the land annuities within the next seven days. It is understood that he persists in the view that the Oath Bill is not a breach of the Irish treaty, despite Mr. Thomas's statement in the House of Commons.

### *INVENTOR OF LOCOMOTIVE*

LONDON, May 18.

Prince George, during a two-day tour of the West Country, yesterday unveiled a memorial at Camborne to Richard Trevithick, inventor of the steam locomotive, which in 1801, carried the first load of passengers.—B. O. W.

### *500 WILD SWANS GO OVER NIAGARA*

NIAGARA FALLS, (By Mail).

Five hundred wild swans have swept over the falls and it is estimated that at least 150 were killed, mostly by being struck by locks of ice. Many were injured, and some have been saved by kind-hearted folk who went to the rescue in boats.

The birds had alighted in the upper Niagara River, and a strong wind enabled them to resist the current till nightfall. Then the breeze died away and the swans, oo exhausted by a long migration from Canada to fly any more, were carried helpless on the surging tide to the brink of the cataract and into the swirling waters below.

## SAILING SHIPS' RACE

### Cape Route For Good Winds

LONDON, May 18.

The fourmasted Swedish barque "Abrham Rodberg" docked at Millwall, London, this morning. It is the first of a score of sailing ships carrying South Australian grain to Europe. She has thirty-nine Swedish sailors among her crew of fifty, and has taken the shortest route via the Cape of Good Hope, having been favoured by a good wind.

Most of the other vessels in the "Windjammer Race" took the customary and longer Cape Horn route, to be sure of good winds. The race goes to the one making the fastest passage, and as they started on different dates, the result still remains doubtful. The Finnish Barque Winterhude, which left South Australia on December 23, reached Queenstown yesterday.—B. O. W.

### *MADARIPUR MAIL ROBBERY*

#### *Houses Of Accused Searched*

MADARIPUR, May 18.

The arrested persons in the Madaripur mail robbery were brought to Madaripur in the launch of the District Magistrate and produced in court. Jogneswar had to be of carried there as he was severely wounded in the head. The magistrate went to record the statement of Joytiram Mitra, whose condition is reported to be precarious Though he could speak with difficulty, he did not make any statement. The houses of Jogneswar, Indubhusan and Jogesh were searched, but it is reported that nothing incriminating was discovered.—A. P.

### *Dacca Train Dacoity Case*

DACCA, May 18.

Thirteen youngmen, who had been arrested in connection with the Dacca Train Dacoity Case, were produced before Mr. S. N. Chatterjee, sub-divisional officer, and remanded to custody.—A. P.

### *ROBBERY CASE DEATH*

MADARIPUR, May 19.

Jyotirmoy Mitra, arrested in connection with the Angaria mail robbery yesterday with a perforating wound in the abdomen, succumbed to his injuries last night in the hospital. Jogneswar has been sent to Faridpur for treatment.

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